## TRANSPORTATION SCIENCES Crash Data Research Center

Veridian Engineering Buffalo, New York 14225

# VERIDIAN ON-SITE ADVANCED OCCUPANT PROTECTION SYSTEM INVESTIGATION VERIDIAN CASE NO. CA00-021

VEHICLE: 2000 FORD TAURUS SE LOCATION: TENNESSEE CRASH DATE: MAY 2000

Contract No. DTNH22-94-D-07058

Prepared For:

U.S. Department of Transportation National Highway Traffic Safety Administration Washington, D.C. 20590

#### **DISCLAIMER**

This document is disseminated under the sponsorship of the Department of Transportation in the interest of information exchange. The United States Government assumes no responsibility for the contents or use thereof.

The opinions, findings, and conclusions expressed in this publication are those of the authors and not necessarily those of the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration.

The crash investigation process is an inexact science which requires that physical evidence such as skid marks, vehicular damage measurements, and occupant contact points are coupled with the investigator's expert knowledge and experience of vehicle dynamics and occupant kinematics in order to determine the pre-crash, crash, and post-crash movements of involved vehicles and occupants.

Because each crash is a unique sequence of events, generalized conclusions cannot be made concerning the crashworthiness performance of the involved vehicle(s) or their safety systems.

#### TECHNICAL REPORT STANDARD TITLE PAGE

1. Report No. CA00-021	2. Government Accession No.	3. Recipient's Catalog	No.					
4. Title and Subtitle Veridian On-Site Advanced Occupant P Vehicle: 2000 Ford Taurus SE	rotection System Investigation	5. Report Date: March, 2001						
Location: Tennessee		6. Performing Organiz	cation Code					
7. Author(s) Crash Data Research Center								
9. Performing Organization Name and Add Transportation Sciences Crash Data Research Center	10. Work Unit No. C01115.0289.(000	0-0009)						
Veridian Engineering P.O. Box 400 Buffalo, New York 14225	11. Contract or Grant DTNH22-94-D-07							
12. Sponsoring Agency Name and Address U.S. Department of Transportation National Highway Traffic Safety Admir	13. Type of Report and Period Covered Technical Report Crash Date: May 2000							
Washington, D.C. 20590		14. Sponsoring Agency	v Code					
15. Supplementary Notes On-site investigation of a 2000 Ford T	aurus that was equipped with an Advan	ced Occupant Protection	System.					
Ford Taurus SE. The vehicle was rente utility pole. The renter reported the ve identified a relative of the renter as the program. The Taurus sustained minor system or firing of the seat belt buckle	ne performance of the Advanced Occupa d from a local rental car company and in hicle as stolen to the rental car company driver of the vehicle. This person denie- center frontal damage that did not warra pre-tensioner. There was no occupant c d. The Taurus sustained police reported	nvolved in an early morning, however, the police cradinvolvement in the crass and deployment of the from the crass ontact evidence within the crass of the contact evidence within the crass of the cras	ng crash with a ash report h to the SCI ntal air bag te vehicle and the					
17. Key Words Advanced Occupant Protection System Center Front Pole Impact Driver Belted No Air Bag Deployment	1	18. Distribution Statem General Public	nent					
19. Security Classif. (of this report) Unclassified	20. Security Classif. (of this page) Unclassified	21. No. of Pages 8	22. Price					

#### **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

BACKGROUND	
SUMMARY	
Crash Site	
Crash Sequence	
Pre-Crash	
Crash	
Crash	
Vehicle Data	
Vehicle Damage	
Vehicle Damage  Exterior	
Interior	
Event Data Recorder Output	
Driver Demographics	
Driver Injuries	
Driver Kinematics	
Attachment A: EDR Report	

### VERIDIAN ADVANCED OCCUPANT PROTECTION SYSTEM INVESTIGATION VERIDIAN CASE NO. CA00-021

VEHICLE: 2000 FORD TAURUS SE LOCATION: TENNESSEE

CRASH DATE: MAY 2000

#### **BACKGROUND**

This on-site investigation focused on the performance of the Advanced Occupant Protection System (AOPS) in a 2000 Ford Taurus SE. The vehicle was rented from a local rental car company and involved in an early morning crash with a utility pole. The renter reported the vehicle as stolen to the rental car company, however, the police crash report identified a relative of the renter as the driver of the vehicle. This person denied involvement in the crash to the SCI program. The Taurus sustained minor center frontal damage (**Figure 1**) that did not warrant deployment of the frontal air bag system or firing of the seat belt buckle pre-tensioner. There was no occupant contact evidence within the vehicle and the driver was police reported as not injured. The Taurus sustained police reported disabling damage and was towed from the scene of the crash.



Figure 1. Front left threequarter view of the 2000Ford Taurus.

This crash was identified by a consultant who provided notification of another 2000 Ford Taurus crash to the NHTSA Special Crash Investigations Headquarters in June 2000. This vehicle was stored at the same rental car depot as the other 2000 Ford Taurus. An on-site investigation was assigned for the other Taurus crash and this vehicle was included in the AOPS study due to its availability. A single trip was scheduled to inspect both vehicles and download the Event Data Recorders (EDR) on July 11, 2000. The delay in this investigation was to accommodate legal representatives of the other Taurus case and representatives of Ford.

#### **SUMMARY**

#### Crash Site

The crash site for this minor severity crash was not inspected during this on-site investigation. The police crash report identified the crash as occurring at a 3-leg T-intersection in a city environment during nighttime hours. The conditions were reported as dark, but lighted with rain and wet asphalt road surfaces. The Taurus was traveling on a four-lane state route that was intersected by another four-lane road which formed the T-intersection. Traffic flow through the intersection was controlled by an overhead signal system.

#### Crash Sequence

#### Pre-Crash

The 2000 Ford Taurus was traveling in a northerly direction on the curb lane of the four lane state route on an approach to the 3-leg T-intersection. The driver apparently had a green signal phase and was

traveling straight through the intersection. As the driver entered the intersection, a non-contact vehicle that was traveling ahead of the Taurus stopped in the curb lane at the north leg of the intersection. The driver of the Taurus steered right and braked to avoid impact with the non-contact vehicle. The Taurus departed the northeast corner of the intersection and struck a utility pole that was located adjacent at the roadedge.

#### Crash

The center frontal area of the Ford Taurus impacted the wooden utility pole. The 12 o'clock direction of force impact crushed the front bumper system, the hood face, and the radiator support panel (**Figure 2**). Maximum crush was 19.3 cm (7.6") located on the bumper beam 9.5 cm (3.75") right of the vehicle's centerline. The damage algorithm of the WinSMASH program computed a total velocity change of 18.5 km/h (11.5 mph) with a matching longitudinal component. The velocity change was below the threshold required for the frontal air bag first stage deployment. Additionally, the driver's seat belt buckle pretensioner did not fire. The EDR output data identified the restraint system as engaged.



Figure 2. Center frontal damage to the Taurus.

#### Post-Crash

The Ford Taurus came to rest engaged against the struck utility pole. Although unconfirmed by interview data, the driver probably unbuckled the manual belt system and exited the vehicle unassisted. He was not listed as injured on the police crash report and refused medical treatment. The investigating police agency received notification 20 minutes following the crash and dispatched an officer to the scene. He arrived within four minutes and initiated his on-scene investigation. There were no charges filed against the driver of the Taurus. The Taurus sustained disabling damage and was towed from the scene. The vehicle was subsequently towed to the rental facility regional depot where it was removed from service.

#### Vehicle Data

The 2000 Ford Taurus SE was manufactured in January 2000 and identified by vehicle identification number (VIN) 1FAFP5520YA (production number deleted). At the time of the SCI inspection, the vehicle's odometer reading was (11,760 miles). The Taurus was equipped with cloth covered front bucket seats and a flip-and-fold center armrest configuration that doubled as a center armrest/comsole and a center seated position.

The Taurus was equipped with the Advanced Occupant Protection System (AOPS) that included a center front mounted crash sensor, dual stage inflators for the frontal air bags (**Figure 3**), a driver's seat positioning sensor, front seat belt buckle pre-tensioners (**Figure 4**), load force limiters in the front seat belt retractors, and a center tunnel mounted Restraints Control Module that had sensing and Event Data Recording capabilities. Although the Taurus sustained a center frontal impact, the external crash sensor was not damaged. The Taurus was not equipped with the adjustable pedal option or side impact air bags.



Figure 3. Interior view of the non-deployed frontal air bag modules.



Figure 4. Non-fired front seat belt buckle pretensioners.

The front outboard seated positions were equipped with continuous loop lap and shoulder belt systems with sliding latchplates, dual mode locking retractors with load force limiters. The center front position was equipped with a manual lap belt. All three rear seat positions were equipped with 3-point lap and shoulder belt systems. Although the driver was restrained by the manual belt system, there was no loading evidence on the system's components. The load force limiter was not inspected.

#### Vehicle Damage Exterior:

The 2000 Ford Taurus sustained minor center frontal damage from the run-off-road impact with the utility pole. Maximum crush was 19.3 cm (7.6") located on the bumper beam 9.5 cm (3.75") right of center (**Figure 5**). The impact deformed the bumper fascia and bumper beam, fractured the plastic grille, and crushed the hood face and fiberglass upper radiator support panel. The direct contact damage began 6.6 cm (2.6") left of center and extended 17.8 cm (7.0") laterally to the right. The combined induced and direct contact damage length was 125.7 cm (49.5") that extended the full width of the bumper beam. The crush

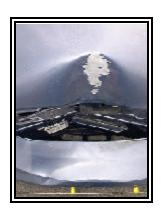


Figure 5.
Displacement of the bumper beam from the fascia.

profile at the bumper beam (**Figure 6**) was as follows: C1=0~cm, C2=6.6~cm (2.6"), C3=13.2~cm (5.2"), C4=17.8~cm (7.0"), C5=8.9~cm (3.5"), C6=0~cm. The Collision Deformation Classification (CDC) for this impact event was 12-FCEN-1.



Figure 6. Overhead view of the frontal crush profile.

#### Interior:

There was no damage to the interior surfaces of the Ford Taurus.

#### Event Data Recorder Output

The Event Data Recorder (EDR) in the 2000 Ford Taurus was downloaded by the SCI team during the on-site investigation. The hexidecimal data retrieved in the field was electronically forwarded to Ford for interpretation. The results were received and are attached as an Appendix to this summary report. The following is a discussion of the data:

The EDR recorded the status of the driver belt system as buckled and the status of the front right passenger belt system as unbuckled. This was consistent with the police report identifying the driver as the sole occupant of the vehicle at the time of the crash. The EDR recorded a longitudinal delta V of -12.1 km/h (-7.5 mph) that occurred at 78 ms (end of recording time) with a lateral delta V of -1.9 km/h (-1.2mph). The longitudinal crush pulse was increasing at the 78 ms termination point of the EDR, therefore, the WinSMASH generated delta V of -18.5 km/h (-11.5 mph) may be a more realistic estimate of the total pulse experienced by the Taurus.

This longitudinal component did not meet the threshold to fire the driver's seat belt buckle pre-tensioner or the frontal air bag system. Therefore, the algorithm times recorded from wake-up to pretensioner and air bag deployment are 0 ms.

#### **Driver Demographics**

Age/Sex: 20 year old male

Height: Unknown
Weight: Unknown
Eyeware: Unknown

Manual Restraint

System Usage: 3-point lap and shoulder belt system

Usage Source: EDR output data

Type of Medical

Treatment: None, not injured

#### **Driver Injuries**

Driver Injuries	Driver Injuries Injury Severity (AIS/Update 98)				
Not injured	N/A	N/A			

#### **Driver Kinematics**

The 20 year old male driver of the 2000 Ford Taurus was presumed to be in an upright driving posture and properly restrained by the manual belt system. At impact, he responded to the 12 o'clock direction of force by initiating a forward trajectory and loading the manual belt system. The belt system provided adequate crash protection and prevented the driver from contact with interior components (**Figure 7**). He was not injured and refused medical treatment at the scene.



Figure 7. Steering wheel rim and knee bolster lacking contact evidence.

#### Attachment A: EDR Report

#### 2000 Taurus/Sable EDR Report - Summary Page

#### Investigation Data

File Name:	GA00-021.hex	File Save Date:	19-Jul-2000
File Read-out Date:	N/A	Report Date:	19-Jul-2000
Report Version:	1.2		NW 6-1200-2

#### EDR Control Module Data

Data Validity Check: Valid	EDR Model Version:	141
Left (Driver) Side Bag Deployment Time (	ms):	Not Deployed
Right (Passenger) Side Bag Deployment	Time (ms):	Not Deployed
Passenger Airbag Switch Position During	Event:	NIA
Diagnostic Codes Active When Event Oce	curred:	0

Algorithm Times	Actual initiation depends on restraint system status (below)	ms
Time From Algorithm	Wakeup to Pretensioner:	0
Time From Algorithm )	Wakeup to First Stage - Unbelted:	0
Time From Algorithm \	Wakeup to First Stage - Belted:	D
Time From Algorithm \	Wakeup to Second Stage:	D

#### Restraint System Status

Driver Seat Belt Buckle:	Engaged
Passenger Seat Belt Buckle:	Not Engaged
Driver Seat Track in Forward Position:	No
Passenger Seat Weight Switch Position:	N/A

Deployment Initiation Attempt Times	Driver	Passenger
Time From Algorithm Wakeup to Pretensioner Deployment Attempt:	Not Deployed	Not Deployed
Time From Algorithm Wakeup to First Stage Deployment Attempt:	Not Deployed	Not Deployed
Time From Algorithm Wakeup to Second Stage Deployment Attempt	Not Deployed	Not Deployed

- Notes

  1. Read-out date is set by the PC interface tool.

  2. Features and data parameters which are not available on the module are marked "N/A".

  3. CFC 60 is a Buttenworth 4-pole phaseless digital filter. (See SAE J211 Part 1 Appendix C dated March 1995.)

  4. Total and maximum Delta-V results are not available from truncated/incomplete crash pulses.

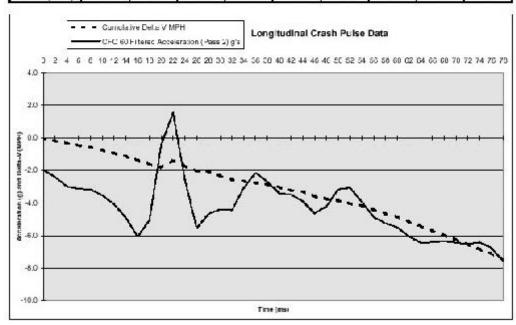
  5. Algorithm waiveup (0 ms) is not the first moment of vehicle contact or impact.

  6. The Excel "Analysis ToolPak" Add-in must be enabled for this spreadsheet to operate properly.

#### 2000 Taurus/Sable EDR Report - Charts

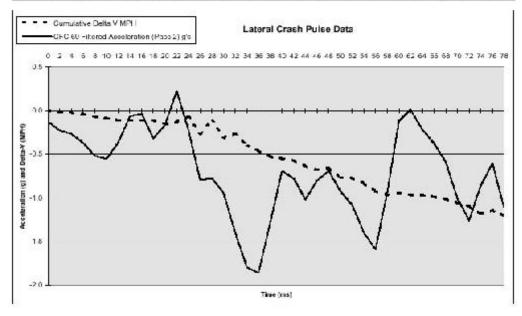
Longitudinal Cumulative Delta-V

Time (ms)	)	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	78
Delta-V (MPH)	-0.1	-3.7	-1.9	-2.3	-5.0	-3.3	-4.9	-6.9	-7.6



#### Lateral Cumulative Delta-V

Time (ms)	0	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	78
Delta-V (MPH)	0.0	-0.1	+0.2	-6.3	-0.5	-0.3	-0.9	-1.1	-1.2



### 2000 Taurus/Sable EDR Report - Memory Dump

### **Hexidecimal Module Memory Dump**

Address	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	OA	08	00	OD	0E	0F
0800	OF	4.0	4.C	76	14	FB	FF	FP	P2	FF	0E	34	OF	2D	37.	4.C
0010	CO	$\mathbf{F}\mathbf{F}$	OC	FF	52	CO	52	GC	60	52	E3	20	3C	73	DG	A0
0820	0.8	03	28	3 7	5F	CF	0F	O.A.	F5	OP.	B7	84	A1	53	D5	AA
0830	0.3	0.0	LB.	K	- DO	<b>FF</b>	3.0	302	80	36	2.8	64	64	0.0	OC.	0.1
0310	57.	95	5C	FF	FF	PP	EF	CF	D5	E7	FF	72	4E	13	25	B1
0350	EC	14	00	OF	01	PP	FF	36	77	FF	CD	44	30	P7	PP	95
0850	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF
0870	05	13	HA	23	-04	0.0	88	HH	59	46	3.1	41	0.0	0.5	HH	0.0
0880	FF	FF	OC	FF	FF	CO	FF	FF	0.0	FF	PP	00	FF	PP	0.0	PF
0890	FF	FF	OC	FF	FF	CO	FF	FF	0.0	FF	FF	0.0	FF	FF	00	FF
08A0	0.0	0.0	DC	UU	00	CO	0.0	OC	0.0	30	FF	P.P.	PF	F.5	FF	FF
08BC	02	FF	81	38	00	gD	01	FF	F7	FF	PP	BB	22	01	ZB	0.0
0820	FF	33	01	CF	00	22	01	CF	0.0	51	02	12	67	71	PF	PE
08DC	Cl	03	OC	80	02	58	15	87	17	BE	01	0A	0.0	8C	01	04
03E0	GO.	FO	01	36	00	A.O	01	54	0.0	3F	0.2	3.0	02	C7	02	8.A
03BC	C5	14	07	08	01	2C	03	CA	04	CE	06	40	73	33	DC	AO
0900	3E	FF	OC	03	00	1B	01	CC	0.0	23	0 F	PP	0.0	11	0.0	7.8
0910	0.0	CA	OC	6E	AC	16	FF	01	0.0	00	0.0	7 F	OF	0C	OF	0.2
0920	03	5A	32	46	05	50	02	02	FA	1E	0.8	02	0A	10	02	23
0930	09	0.5	28	32	16	20	15	1F	53	FF	FF	02	FF	P3	FF	11
0910	PF	FF	PP	FF	FF	PP	FF	FF	P?	FF	PP	PP	FF	P?	PP	PF
0950	0.0	0.0	OC	0.0	00	CO	00	11	0.0	00	26	17	12	0.0	1C	0.0
0960	17	0.0	DC	30	00	1D	03	oc	0.0	00	0.0	23	3E	03	27	00
0970	CO	00	92	90	A3	82	B2	AA	98	B1	B7	BB	B€	B2	71	5.A.
0980	E1	BE	CF	BB	ЭE	B9	C5	7/16	91	78	7.7.	BB	7.5	λ3	97:	BB
0990	C3	8 C	93	B8	CO	B5	AD	E1	A7	AB	B2	B1	A8	AA	B2	9F
0A60	SF	90	9D	9D	90	SA	9.9.	98	98	9A	B7	93	95	AZ	96	99
0.980	SF	97	9R	9C	Æ	20	95	90	98	9E	9D	98	98	9.5	95	97
0920	56	95	97	95	96	97	93	82	81	92	81	31	81	81	82	82
09D0	02	8.0	83	85	79	69	70	84	7 C	717	77	31	81	77	DC	03
09EC	7D	82	7F	TE	30	83	81	82	81	81	80	G 6	7E	84	7F	00
0.950	0.0	0.0	OC	0.0	00	CO	00	PF	83	/H	FF	P'P'	PF	15	F/F	0.5