Advanced Occupant Protection Systems On-scene Investigation
Dynamic Science, Inc. / Case Number: DS01-006
2000 Ford Taurus SES 4-door
California
December, 2000

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The crash investigation process is an inexact science which requires that physical evidence such as skid marks, vehicular damage measurements, and occupant contact points be coupled with the investigator's expert knowledge and experience of vehicle dynamics and occupant kinematics in order to determine the pre-crash, crash, and post-crash movements of involved vehicles and occupants.

Because each crash is a unique sequence of events, generalized conclusions cannot be made concerning the crashworthiness performance of the involved vehicle(s) or their safety systems.

Technical Report Documentation Page

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| 15. Supplemental Notes |  |  |  |
| 16. Abstract <br> This case was initiated because the case vehicle was equipped with an Event Data Recorder (EDR) and Advanced Occupant Protection System (AOPS). The collision occurred in southern California in December, 2000 at 1145 hours. This was a single vehicle versus a concrete street lamp pole, a tree and then a rollover type collision. The collision occurred on a four-lane, two-way, undivided roadway. The case vehicle is a 2000 Ford Taurus SES 4-door driven by a $70-\mathrm{year}$-old female ( $160 \mathrm{~cm}-63$ in. $/ 57 \mathrm{~kg}-125$ lbs). The case vehicle was traveling northbound in the left lane. The driver of the case vehicle was unaware of a pre-existing medical condition of heart arrhythmia. She lost consciousness and the case vehicle veered to the left into on-coming southbound travel lanes, departed the roadway, and traveled on the west sidewalk area. The case vehicle collided head-on into a concrete lamp pole (overlapping CDC). The frontal air bags in the case vehicle probably deployed at this time. The vehicle continued traveling northbound off the roadway approximately 7 meters ( 23 ft ) and collided head-on (12FDEW3) with a tree. The case vehicle bounced off the tree and rolled over onto its top, having rotated ninety degrees. It came to final rest heading east approximately 2.7 meters ( 9 ft ) north of the impact with the tree. Both the concrete lamp pole and the tree were knocked down and uprooted with the tree falling on a parked 1989 GMC U.S. postal vehicle. The case vehicle was towed from the scene due to damage and subsequently declared a total loss and sold as salvage. <br> The impact with the concrete street lamp post and tree were overlapping damage. Frontal crush measurements were taken and a Collision Deformation Classification(CDC) entered for the second impact with the tree. It is assumed that the impact with the tree was the severest damage. The case vehicle was assigned a CDC of $12 F D E W 3$ with a Principle Direction of Force (PDOF) of 000 degrees. The Delta $V$ for the case vehicle was computed using WinSmash version 2.12 and the pole option. WinSmash calculated a total delta $v$ of $33.0 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}(20.5 \mathrm{mph})$, a longitudinal delta $v$ of $-33.0 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}(-20.5 \mathrm{mph})$, and a latitudinal delta $v$ of $0.0 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}(0.0 \mathrm{mph})$. The downloaded EDR data indicates a cumulative longitudinal delta $v$ of $-35.2 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}(-21.9 \mathrm{mph})$ at the 70 ms mark. Due to the overlapping damage and the yielding object, the WinSmash results are borderline. <br> The driver could not remember anything about the collision. She indicated that she lost consciousness and came to in the vehicle upside down and held in place by the lap and shoulder belt. She was transported to a trauma center via ambulance. She sustained a contusion to the right side of her face as a result of contact with the driver's air bag. There was evidence of contact to the driver's air bag with makeup and lipstick transfers to the front center area. She sustained a contusion to her stomach from the seat belt. She also complained of pain to her back, knees and chest. She indicated she had a preexisting medical condition concerning her back, but was not aware of the hear arrhythmia. She was hospitalized for five days and diagnosed with the heart arrhythmia. |  |  |  |
| 17. Key Words <br> Air bag, deployment, injury, advanced, Event Data Recorder, AOPS, RCM, |  | 18. Distribution S |  |
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Dynamic Science, Inc.<br>Accident Investigation<br>Case Number: DS01-006<br>\section*{TABLE OF CONTENTS}

BACKGROUND ..... 1
Description ..... 1
Investigation Type ..... 1
Crash Location ..... 1
Crash Date ..... 1
Notification Date ..... 1
Field Work Completed ..... 1
SUMMARY ..... 1
Scene Diagram ..... 3
DETAILED INFORMATION ..... 4
Vehicles ..... 4
AOPS Discussion ..... 5
Occupants ..... 7
Injuries and Injury Mechanisms ..... 8
Occupant Kinematics ..... 9
Attachment 1. EDR report ..... 10

## BACKGROUND:

Description:
This Event Data Recorder (EDR) and Advanced Occupant Protection Systems (AOPS) case was reported to the NHTSA by DSI on March 20, 2001 and the case was assigned on March 21, 2001. An on-site investigation was conducted. All field work was completed on February 02, 2002.

Investigation Type: On-scene
Crash Location: California
Crash Date:
Notification Date:
December, 2000
Field Work Completed:
March 20, 2001
February 02, 2002

## SUMMARY:

The collision occurred in southern California in December, 2000 at 1145 hours. This was a single vehicle versus a concrete street lamp pole, a tree and then a rollover type collision. The collision occurred on a four-lane, twoway, undivided roadway. The north and southbound roadways are comprised of two travel lanes in each direction. The northbound roadway is straight with a positive $3.8 \%$ grade. At the area of impact the north and south roadway intersect an east-west roadway that did not play a role in the collision. The weather was clear and the bituminous roadway surface was dry. The posted speed limit was $56 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}(35 \mathrm{mph})$.


Figure 1. Approach to impact areas-north.

The case vehicle is a 2000 Ford Taurus SES 4-door driven by a 70-year-old female ( $160 \mathrm{~cm}-63$ in. $/ 57 \mathrm{~kg}-125 \mathrm{lbs}$ ). The case vehicle was traveling northbound in the left lane. The driver of the case vehicle was unaware of a pre-existing medical condition of heart arrhythmia ${ }^{1}$. She lost consciousness and the case vehicle veered to the left into on-coming southbound travel lanes, departed the roadway, and traveled on the west sidewalk area. The case vehicle collided head-on into a concrete lamp pole (overlapping CDC). The frontal air bags in the case vehicle probably deployed at this time. The vehicle continued traveling northbound off the roadway approximately 7 meters ( 23 ft ) and collided head-on (12FDEW3) with a tree. The case vehicle climbed over the

[^0]tree and rolled over onto its top about its longitudinal axis, and rotated ninety degrees clockwise. It came to final rest heading east approximately 2.7 meters ( 9 ft ) north of the impact with the tree. Witnesses reported to police that a minor fire started in the engine compartment and that it was extinguished with a fire extinguisher. Both the concrete lamp pole and the tree were knocked down and uprooted with the tree falling on a parked 1989 GMC U.S. postal vehicle.

The impact with the concrete street lamp post and tree were overlapping damage. Frontal crush measurements were taken and a Collision Deformation Classification (CDC) entered for the second impact with the tree. It is assumed that the impact with the pole caused the airbags in the case vehicle to deploy, and the second impact with the tree was the severest damage (highest delta v). The case vehicle was assigned a CDC of 12FDEW3 for the second impact, with a Principle Direction of Force (PDOF) of 000 degrees. The combined direct and induced damage width was 95.0 cm ( 37.4 in .) [CRASH L $=148 \mathrm{~cm}$ ( 58.3 in. )], and the maximum crush depth was 66.5 cm ( 26.2 in .) located at $\mathrm{C}_{4}$. The Delta V for the case vehicle was computed using WinSmash version 2.12 and the pole option with stiffness coefficients provided by


Figure 2. Rollover damage to case vehicle. Ford of a 20 cm ( 8 in .) center pole crash. The Ford stiffness coefficients provided reasonable WinSmash delta v results. WinSmash calculated a total delta v of $33.0 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}(20.5 \mathrm{mph})$, a longitudinal delta $v$ of $-33.0 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}(-20.5 \mathrm{mph})$, and a latitudinal delta v of $0.0 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}(0.0 \mathrm{mph})$. The results are borderline due to the overlapping damage and the yielding objects. The results are presented in this report as a reference but were not coded in the EDCS. The downloaded EDR data indicates a cumulative longitudinal delta $v$ of $-35.2 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}(-21.9 \mathrm{mph})$ at the 70 ms mark.

The case vehicle was towed from the scene due to damage and subsequently declared a total loss and sold as salvage.

The driver could not remember anything about the collision. She indicated that she lost consciousness and came to in the vehicle upside down and held in place by the lap and shoulder belt. She was transported to a trauma center via ambulance. She sustained a contusion to the right side of her face as a result of contact with the driver's air bag. There was evidence of contact to the driver's air bag with makeup and lipstick transfers to the front center area. She sustained a contusion to her stomach from the seat belt. She also complained of pain to her back, knees and chest. She indicated she had a preexisting medical condition concerning her back, but was not aware of the heart arrhythmia. She was hospitalized for five days and diagnosed with the heart arrhythmia.

## Scene Diagram



Figure 3. Scene diagram

## DETAILED INFORMATION

## Vehicles

Case vehicle

Description:
VIN:
Odometer:
Engine:
Reported Defects:
Cargo:
Damage Description:

CDC:
Impact 1 vs concrete lamp pole
Impact 2 vs tree
Impact 3 rollover
Delta V for Impact 2 vs tree (highest delta v):

2000 Ford Taurus SES
1FAFP55SXYGxxxxxx
2,066 km (1,284 miles)

### 3.0 L V6

None
None
Severe frontal damage to the bumper, grille, hood, windshield, and top. Small fire reported to have started in engine compartment post impact. Vehicle towed from scene and subsequently declared a total loss and sold as salvage.

Unknown-overlapping damage
12FDEW3
00TPD03
Total
$33.0 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}(20.5 \mathrm{mph})$

Longitudinal $\quad-33.0 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}(-20.5 \mathrm{mph})$
Latitudinal $\quad 0.0 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}(0.0 \mathrm{mph})$
Energy $\quad 72,090$ joules
(53,171 ft-lbs)


Figure 4. Exterior overlapping front damage to the case vehicle.

## AOPS Discussion

This vehicle was equipped with an advanced occupant protection system. The system consists of a Restraint Control Module (RCM) dual stage front air bags, seat belt pretensioners, seat track sensors, and seat belt latch usage detectors. The system is controlled by the RCM. The primary function of the RCM is to control the deployment of the occupant protection systems. The system records longitudinal and lateral acceleration. Data related to the driver and passenger air bag deployment include: 78 milliseconds of crash pulse, deployment strategy of the dual-stage air bag system, seat belt latch use, pretensioner operation, and driver seat track location.

The downloaded EDR data indicates the highest cumulative longitudinal delta v of $-21.9 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ $(-35.2 \mathrm{mph})$ at the 70 ms mark. The EDR report is included as an attachment to this report.

The EDR report further indicates that:

1. This was a first stage deployment.
2. The driver's seat track was in the forward position.
3. The left front seat buckle was engaged and the right front seat buckle was not.
4. The time from algorithm wakeup to pretensioner was 37 milliseconds.
5. The time from algorithm wakeup to first stage - belted was 38 milliseconds.

Note that as a result of driver's seat track in the forward position, the second stage deployment was suppressed.

The case vehicle driver's air bag was circular and measured 44 cm (17.3 in.) in diameter. It was equipped with two tethers and two vent holes at the 11 and 01 o'clock positions. The front center of the air bag there was a driver contact consisting of makeup and a lipstick imprint. The driver's air bag also had dirt from exposure. The dual module covers opened in an "H" configuration. There were no indications of any damage to driver's air bag or the module covers. The case vehicle front right passenger's air bag was rectangular and measured 42 cm ( 16.5 in.) high by 48 cm (18.9 in.) wide. It was equipped with two vent ports at the 10 and 02 o'clock positions and was not tethered. There was dirt all over the air bag from exposure. There was no damage to the air bag. The single flap module cover opened properly and was not damaged.
Both front seat positions of the case vehicle were equipped with seat belt buckle pretensioners. The front right pretensioner barrel was checked and measured 11.1 cm


Figure 5. Driver's air bag. (4.4 in.)-indicating that it had not fired. The front left pretensioner barrel was checked and measured 50.0 cm (19.7 in.)-indicating that it had fired.

The case vehicle was equipped with power adjustable pedals which were adjusted to within 2.6 cm (1.0 in.) of the rear most position.

The driver loaded the steering column; there was complete separation of the steering column breakaway coupling. The left shear capsule had been stroked $1.7 \mathrm{~cm}(0.7 \mathrm{in}$.) and the right capsule had completely separate with the stroke measured as 3.1 cm ( 1.2 in .).


Figure 6. Separation of right shear capsule.

## Occupants

| Case vehicle (Ford Taurus) | Occupant 1 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Age/Sex: | 70/Female |
| Seated Position: | Front left |
| Seat Type: | Gray colored, fabric covered bucket seat. Seat track was adjusted forward most position. |
| Height: | 160 cm (63 in.) |
| Weight: | 57 kg (125 lbs) |
| Occupation: | Not working |
| Pre-existing Medical Condition: | Known back problems. She was unaware of heart arrhythmia which was the direct cause of the collision. |
| Alcohol/Drug Involvement: | None |
| Driving Experience: | Presumed to be greater than 50 years. |
| Body Posture: | Unknown due to unconsciousness. |
| Hand Position: | Unknown |
| Foot Position: | Unknown |
| Restraint Usage: | Lap and shoulder belt available, used. Seat belt found cut and RCM indicated belt buckle was engaged. |
| Air bag: | Steering wheel mounted air bag, deployed |

## Injuries and Injury Mechanisms

## Case vehicle (Ford Taurus)

|  | INJURY | OIC CODE | ICD-9 | SOURCE |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Driver: | Contusion to right side of <br> face | $290402.1,1$ | 920 | Air bag |
|  | Contusion to stomach $590402.1,8$ 922.2 Seat belt <br>  Pain to back, left knee and <br> ankle-non codeable injuries   |  |  |  |

## Occupant Kinematics

The driver of the case vehicle appears to have been unconscious prior to the collision. She was wearing the available manual lap and shoulder belt. The EDR indicates that the driver's seat belt buckle was engaged and the seat belt was found to be cut and there was evidence of loading on the seat belt webbing. The shoulder belt upper anchorage adjustment was in the mid position. The grey colored, fabric-covered bucket seat was adjusted to the forward most track position. The seat back angle was adjusted to a 21 degrees rearward reclined position. The power adjustable pedals were adjusted to within 2.6 cm ( 1.0 in.) of the rear most position. At impact with the pole, the driver responded to the 0 degrees principal direction of force by moving straight forward. The lap and shoulder


Figure 7. Driver's seat area. belts restricted this forward motion but her legs struck the rigid plastic cover of the instrument panel displacing it slightly. Her face contacted the center of the air bag-there was makeup and lipstick transfer on the front center area. Contact with the air bag caused a contusion to the right side of her face. The case vehicle continued moving forward and struck the tree. The driver responded by moving straight forward and again the lap and shoulder belts restricted this forward motion. As the vehicle rolled over and came to rest on it roof the driver was held in place by the lap and shoulder belt and caused a contusion to her stomach. It is at this point that the driver remember regaining consciousness. She was assisted and removed from the vehicle by bystanders.

The driver of the case vehicle was transported to a trauma center and was hospitalized for five days. She was diagnosed with the heart arrhythmia.

## Attachment 1. EDR report

## 2000 Taurus/Sable EDR Report - Summary Page

Investigation Data

| File Name: | ds01-006.hex | File Save Date: | 25-Mar-2001 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| File Read-out Date: | N/A | Report Date: | 26-Mar-2001 |
| Report Version: | 1.6 |  |  |

EDR Control Module Data

| Data Validity Check: $\quad$ Valid | EDR Model Version: |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | 141 |
| Time From Side Safing Decision to Left (Driver) Side Bag Deployment: | Not Deployed |
| Time From Side Safing Decision to Right (Passenger) Side Bag Deployment: | Not Deployed |
| Passenger Airbag Switch Position During Event: | N/A |
| Diagnostic Codes Active When Event Occurred: | 0 |


| Algorithm Times $\quad$ Actual initiation depends on restraint system status (below). | ms |
| :--- | :---: |
| Time From Algorithm Wakeup to Pretensioner: | 37 |
| Time From Algorithm Wakeup to First Stage - Unbelted: | 38 |
| Time From Algorithm Wakeup to First Stage - Belted: | 41 |
| Time From Algorithm Wakeup to Second Stage: | 0 |

## Restraint System Status

| Driver Seat Belt Buckle: | Engaged |
| :--- | :--- |
| Passenger Seat Belt Buckle: | Not Engaged |
| Driver Seat Track In Forward Position: | Yes |
| Passenger Seat Weight Switch Position: | N/A |


| Deployment Initiation Attempt Times |
| :--- |
| Time From Algorithm Wakeup to Pretensioner Deployment Attempt: Driver <br> Time From Algorithm Wakeup to First Stage Deployment Attempt: 37 <br> Time From Algorithm Wakeup to Second Stage Deployment Attempt: 38$\quad$ Unbelted |

## Notes

1. Read-out date is set by the PC interface tool.
2. Features and data parameters which are not available on the module are marked "N/A".
3. CFC 60 is a Butterworth 4-pole phaseless digital filter. (See SAE J211 Part 1 Appendix C dated March 1995.)
4. Total and maximum Delta- V results are not available from truncated/incomplete crash pulses.
5. Algorithm wakeup ( 0 ms ) is not the first moment of vehicle contact or impact.
6. The Excel "Analysis ToolPak" Add-in must be enabled for this spreadsheet to operate properly.
7. Acceleration data and plots are only valid for frontal impact event recordings.

## 2000 Taurus/Sable EDR Report - Charts

Longitudinal Cumulative Delta-V

| Time (ms) | 0 | 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 | 70 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Delta-V (MPH) | -0.2 | -0.4 | -0.3 | -2.6 | -3.1 | -8.8 | -15.9 | -21.9 |

Note: Acceleration data and plots are only valid for frontal impact event recordings.


Lateral Cumulative Delta-V

| Time (ms) | 0 | 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 | 70 | 78 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Delta-V (MPH) | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 1.0 | -0.2 | -1.5 | -5.0 | -6.8 |

Note: Acceleration data and plots are only valid for frontal impact event recordings.

-     -         - Cumulative Delta V MPH
—CFC 60 Filtered Acceleration (Pass 2) g's

Lateral Crash Pulse Data


File Name: ds01-006.hex

## 2000 Taurus/Sable EDR Report - Memory Dump

Hexidecimal Module Memory Dump

| Address | 00 | 01 | 02 | 03 | 04 | 05 | 06 | 07 | 08 | 09 | OA | OB | OC | OD | OE | OF |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0800 | 10 | 4A | 40 | 76 | 14 | FB | FF | FF | FF | FF | OE | 24 | OF | 2D | 3A | 57 |
| 0810 | C8 | FF | 00 | FF | 52 | 60 | 52 | 60 | 60 | 52 | E3 | 20 | 3 C | 78 | D6 | A0 |
| 0820 | 08 | 03 | 28 | 37 | 5 F | 0 F | 0 F | OA | F5 | 0 A | B7 | 84 | A1 | 5E | C9 | 95 |
| 0830 | 03 | 0 C | 1B | 1E | 00 | FF | 3C | 3C | 80 | 06 | 28 | 64 | 64 | 00 | 0 C | 01 |
| 0840 | 5A | 96 | 50 | FF | FF | FF | EF | DF | D5 | E7 | FF | 72 | 4E | 13 | 25 | B1 |
| 0850 | EC | 14 | 09 | OF | 01 | FF | FF | 73 | 7F | FF | CD | 44 | 08 | FF | FF | 95 |
| 0860 | FF | FF | FF | FF | FF | FF | FF | FF | FF | FF | FF | FF | FF | FF | FF | FF |
| 0870 | 05 | 3C | 49 | 10 | 6 C | 00 | 8F | FF | 59 | 46 | 31 | 41 | 00 | 03 | FF | 19 |
| 0880 | 02 | FE | 80 | 09 | FE | 80 | OA | FB | 80 | OF | FE | 80 | 13 | FE | 80 | FF |
| 0890 | 2B | FE | 80 | 35 | FF | 80 | 38 | FF | 80 | FF | FF | 00 | FF | FF | 00 | FF |
| 08A0 | 04 | 86 | 08 | 00 | 00 | 08 | 20 | 01 | 00 | 00 | FF | FF | FF | FF | FF | FF |
| 08B0 | 02 | FF | 81 | 38 | 00 | 8D | 01 | FF | FF | FF | FF | FF | 23 | 01 | E1 | EF |
| $08 \mathrm{C0}$ | FF | 14 | 01 | E1 | F0 | 43 | 01 | E1 | F0 | 08 | 50 | 88 | 71 | 03 | FF | FE |
| 08D0 | 01 | OE | OC | 80 | 02 | 58 | 16 | 87 | 1F | BE | 01 | 0 A | 00 | 8 C | 01 | 04 |
| 08E0 | 00 | F0 | 01 | 36 | 00 | A0 | 01 | 54 | 00 | 3 F | 02 | 30 | 02 | C7 | 02 | 8A |
| $08 F 0$ | 05 | 14 | 07 | 08 | 01 | 2 C | 03 | CA | 04 | CE | 06 | 40 | 73 | 33 | 00 | A0 |
| 0900 | 3 F | FF | 00 | 03 | 00 | 4B | 01 | CC | 00 | 03 | OF | FF | 00 | 14 | 00 | 78 |
| 0910 | 00 | A0 | 00 | 6E | 0 A | 16 | FF | 01 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 7 F | OF | 0 C | OF | 02 |
| 0920 | 03 | 5A | 32 | 46 | 05 | 50 | 02 | 02 | FA | 1E | 08 | 0 C | OA | 1 C | 02 | 23 |
| 0930 | 09 | 06 | 28 | 32 | 16 | 20 | 16 | 1F | 5F | FF | FF | 02 | FF | FF | FF | 11 |
| 0940 | FF | FF | FF | FF | FF | FF | FF | FF | FF | FF | FF | FF | FF | FF | FF | FF |
| 0950 | 26 | 00 | 29 | 00 | 25 | 00 | 00 | 18 | 00 | 00 | 01 | 00 | 20 | 1E | 1 F | 1 F |
| 0960 | 24 | 26 | 30 | 25 | 25 | 26 | 21 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 29 | 31 | 2A | 27 | 29 |
| 0970 | 00 | 00 | BD | B0 | A1 | 7B | B2 | B3 | AF | AF | B3 | B9 | B3 | AC | B1 | B0 |
| 0980 | A 3 | B4 | B3 | BB | B0 | CC | A8 | 5B | 6 C | 68 | 87 | 95 | 6F | 5F | B3 | D2 |
| 0990 | 5A | AD | 9A | AD | BD | A6 | A0 | A 5 | B8 | AC | BE | AE | B9 | B8 | B5 | 9A |
| 09A0 | 9D | A1 | A5 | 98 | A1 | A. 5 | 9 F | A 3 | A1 | A0 | 92 | A0 | A2 | 66 | 81 | D2 |
| 09B0 | 5E | 94 | 97 | B5 | 69 | A0 | 6E | 80 | 2B | 08 | A. 2 | EB | 19 | 34 | 29 | 9 B |
| 09 CO | 1D | 84 | AE | 70 | B0 | DD | CB | 83 | 86 | 7 F | 79 | 77 | 7B | 82 | 84 | 86 |
| 09D0 | 84 | 80 | 7 F | 83 | 77 | 88 | 7 C | 82 | 80 | 82 | 93 | 6E | 76 | 88 | 75 | 73 |
| 09E0 | 58 | 3 C | 5 C | 7B | 98 | 90 | 5D | 40 | 76 | 71 | 54 | 37 | 85 | 71 | 75 | 00 |
| 09F0 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | FF | FF | B3 | 00 | FF | FF | FF | FF | 04 |

File name: ds01-006.hex


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Excessively slow heart rhythms cause the cardiac output to be insufficient, and this can cause symptoms of fatigue, weakness, lightheadedness, fainting, shortness of breath.

