On-scene Investigation / Vehicle to Vehicle
Dynamic Science, Inc. / Case Number: DS02022
2001 Saturn SL2 four door sedan
California
October, 2002

This document is disseminated under the sponsorship of the Department of Transportation in the interest of information exchange. The United States Government assumes no responsibility for the contents or use thereof.

The opinions, findings, and conclusions expressed in this publication are those of the authors and not necessarily those of the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration.

The crash investigation process is an inexact science which requires that physical evidence such as skid marks, vehicular damage measurements, and occupant contact points be coupled with the investigator's expert knowledge and experience of vehicle dynamics and occupant kinematics in order to determine the precrash, crash, and post-crash movements of involved vehicles and occupants.

Because each crash is a unique sequence of events, generalized conclusions cannot be made concerning the crashworthiness performance of the involved vehicle(s) or their safety systems.

			Technical Report Documentation Page	
1. Report No.	2. Government Accession No.		3. Recipient Catalog No.	
DS02022				
4. Title and Subtitle			5. Report Date	
In-Depth Accident Invest	tigation			
			6. Performing Organization Report No.	
7. Author(s)			Performing Organization Report No.	
Dynamic Science, Inc.			o. Fortining Organization Report No.	
Performing Organization name and Addre			10. Work Unit No. (TRAIS)	
	33		io. Work officeo. (Trans)	
Dynamic Science, Inc.				
530 College Parkway, S	ite. K		11. Contract or Grant no.	
Annapolis, MD 21401			DTNH22-94-D-27058	
12. Sponsoring Agency Name and Address			13. Type of report and period Covered	
U.S. Dept. of Transporta	ation (NRD-32)		[Report Month, Year]	
National Highway Traffic				
400 7th Street, SW	b Surety Transmission		14. Sponsoring Agency Code	
Washington, DC 20590	)			
15. Supplemental Notes				
13. Зиррієтієткаї посез				
16. Abstract				
This three vehicle broadside type collision occurred at a four leg intersection. The collision occurred in California in October, 2002 at 1303 hours. The				
case vehicle is a 2001 Saturn SL2 four-door sedan that was being driven by a restrained 18-year-old male. There was a restrained 22-year-old male occupant in the front right seat of the case vehicle. The case vehicle was equipped with a driver's air bag, a front right passenger air bag, a				
driver's head curtain side air bag, and a front right passenger head curtain side air bag. The head curtain side air bags were located in the roof rail				
above the doors and deploy d	ownward.			
The other vehicle is a 2002 To	yota Sienna van that was driven	by a restrained 41-year-old	male. The second other vehicle is a 1994 Ford Ranger	
Pickup that was being driven b	y a restrained 55-year-old male.	There was a restrained 39	-year-old female occupant in the front right seat.	
			The Ford was also stopped for the red traffic light of the	
			bound approaching the intersection. When the traffic light are driver of the case vehicle accelerated to a speed of 24	
			vehicle began braking. The speed of the case vehicle just	
			ntersection and began braking and steering to the left.	
However, the Toyota failed to stop for the red traffic light and struck the left side of the Ford. The Ford rotated in a clockwise direction and there was a second impact between these two vehicles. The Toyota continued forward and struck the left side of the case vehicle. At impact, the driver's				
	oyed in the case vehicle. The dri			
17 Vov.Wordo	1	10 Diotribution Statement		
17. Key Words 18. Distribution Statement				
Air bag, deployment, head curtain side air bag, side air bag, crash, redesigned				
Sido dii bay, olasii, idaesi	gnod			
40 Coough, Cloock (-f.thi	20 Consuits Cloself (at this area)	24 No of norms	20 Price	
19. Security Classif. (of this report)	20. Security Classif. (of this page)	21. No of pages	22. Price	

Form DOT F 1700.7 (8\_72) Reproduction of this form and completed page is authorized

# Dynamic Science, Inc. Accident Investigation Case Number: DS02022

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

Background	1
Description	1
Investigation Type	1
Crash Location	1
Crash Date	1
Notification Date	1
Field Work Completed	
Summary	1
Scene Diagram	4
Detailed Information	6
Vehicles	6
Safety Features Discussion	7
Occupants	
Injuries and Injury Mechanisms	3
Occupant Kinematics	. 4
Attachment 1. Calculations	.6
Attachment 2. Vetronix report for case vehicle (Saturn)	و

#### **BACKGROUND:**

Description: This head curtain side air bag case was identified by DSI through

insurance contacts. The case was reported to the NHTSA on October 29, 2002. DSI was assigned the case on October 30, 2002. All field

work was completed on November 4, 2002.

Investigation Type:
Crash Location:
Crash Date:
Crosh Date:
October, 2002
Notification Date:
October 30, 2002
Field Work Completed:
November 4, 2002

#### **SUMMARY:**

This three vehicle broadside type collision occurred at a four leg intersection. The collision occurred in California in October, 2002 at 1303 hours. The case vehicle is a 2001 Saturn SL2 four-door sedan that was being driven by a restrained 18-year-old male (178 cm/70 in, 73 kg/160 lbs)<sup>1</sup>. There was a restrained 22-year-old male occupant (185 cm/73 in, 77 kg/170 lbs) in the front right seat of the case vehicle. The case vehicle was equipped with a driver's air bag, a front right passenger air bag, a driver's head curtain side air bag, and a front right passenger head curtain side air bag. The head curtain side air bags were located in the roof rails above the doors and deploy downward.

The other vehicle is a 2002 Toyota Sienna van that was driven by a restrained 41-year-old male. The second other vehicle is a 1994 Ford Ranger Pickup that was being driven by a restrained 55-year-old male. There was a restrained 39-year-old female occupant in the front right seat.



Figure 1. Toyota Sienna approach (North)



**Figure 2**. Case vehicle and Ford Ranger approach (West)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Restraint use based on vehicle inspection. The SDM indicated that the driver's seat belt was buckled.

The case vehicle was stopped for a red traffic light at a freeway off-ramp heading west. The Ford was

also stopped for the red traffic light of the freeway off-ramp, to the left of the case vehicle and heading west. The Toyota was northbound approaching the intersection at a minimum pre-braking travel speed of 66 km/h (41 mph). When the traffic light turned green for the case vehicle and the Ford, both vehicles entered the intersection. The driver of the case vehicle accelerated to a speed of 24 km/h (15 mph)<sup>2</sup>. At a point between 4 and 3 seconds before impact, the driver of the case vehicle began braking. The speed of the case vehicle just prior to impact was 11 km/h (7 mph). The driver of the Toyota saw the vehicles enter the intersection and began braking and steering to the left. However, the Toyota failed to stop for the red traffic light and struck the left side of the Ford. The Ford rotated in a clockwise direction and there was a second impact between these two vehicles. The Toyota continued forward and struck the left side of the case vehicle. The total velocity change for the case vehicle as calculated by the Missing Vehicle algorithm of the WinSmash collision model was 22 km/h (14 mph). The longitudinal and lateral delta V components were -4 km/h (-2 mph) and 22 km/h (14 mph), respectively.



Figure 3. Case vehicle, left side



Figure 4. Case vehicle, close up of damage

The impact was sufficient to generate a Near Deployment Event. A Near Deployment Event is an event severe enough to "wake up" the sensing algorithm but not severe enough to deploy the front air bags. The Sensing Diagnostic Module (SDM) recorded a forward velocity change of -3.5 km/h (-2.2 mph) at the 120 ms mark with a maximum velocity change of -4.2 km/h (-2.6 mph) at the 100 ms mark. At impact, the driver's head curtain side air bag deployed in the case vehicle. The driver and front right passenger air bags did not deploy.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Speed as recorded by electronic module. Acceleration calculations indicated a speed of 23 km/h (14 mph), see Attachment 1 (Calculations).

The driver of the case vehicle complained of pain to his left shoulder and left arm. He was transported by ground ambulance to a local hospital for treatment. He sustained minor lacerations to his left hand from flying glass and a contusion to the left flank from the side door. He was treated and released. The front right occupant complained of pain to his stomach and knees. He was also transported by ground ambulance to a local hospital for treatment. He sustained an abrasion to the left side of his abdomen from the lap portion of the seat belt. He was treated and released.



Figure 5. Driver's head curtain side air bag

The driver of the Toyota Sienna complained of pain to both arms, but indicated that he would seek his aid on his own.

The driver of the Ford Ranger complained of pain to his neck, left leg, and left arm. He also sustained a 0.6 cm (0.25 in) laceration near his right eye. He was transported by ground ambulance to a local hospital. The front right occupant of the Ford complained of pain to her left thigh, left elbow, and neck. She was transported by ground ambulance to a local hospital for treatment.

All three vehicles were towed from the scene due to damage. The case vehicle was declared a total loss by the insurance company.

# **Scene Diagram**

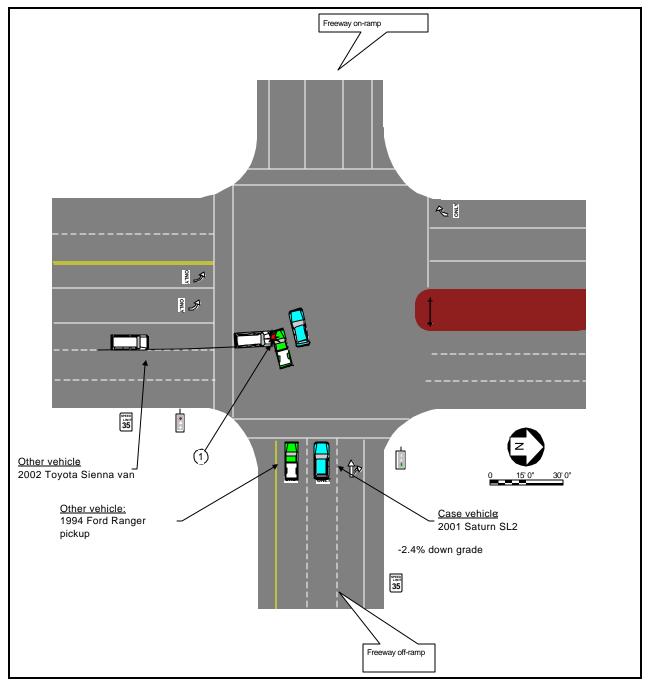


Figure 6. Scene diagram-impact 1

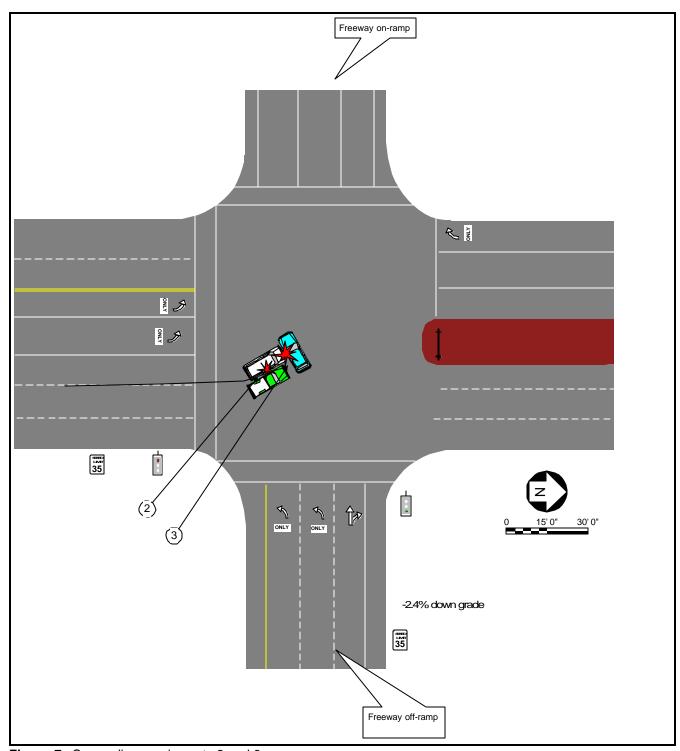


Figure 7. Scene diagram-impacts 2 and 3

## **DETAILED INFORMATION**

## Vehicles

Case vehicle

Description: 2001 Saturn SL2 four door sedan

VIN: 1G8ZK547X1Z3xxxxxx

Odometer: 30,997 km (19,261 miles)

Engine: 1.9 L, 4 cylinder

Reported Defects: None

Cargo: None

Damage Description: Lateral crush to left side, left door. Side glass

disintegrated. Vehicle towed from scene.

CDC: 09LYEW3

Delta V: Total 22 km/h (14 mph)

Longitudinal -4 km/h (2 mph)

Latitudinal 22 km/h (14 mph)

Energy 28,005 joules

(20,655 ft-lbs)



Figure 8. Case vehicle, left side

The case vehicle sustained 184 cm (72 in) of direct contact to the left side of the vehicle. The damage began 35 cm (14 in) forward of the rear axle and extended into the driver's door. The residual crush measured along the sill was as follows: C1=0 cm (0 in), C2=5 cm (2 in), C3=18 cm (7 in), C4=22 cm (9 in), C5=22 cm (9 in), C6=0.5 cm (0.2 in). The maximum crush was between C4 and C5. The principle direction of force was within the 9 o'clock sector and was an estimated 280 degrees. The left front door intruded 30 cm (12 in) into the passenger compartment. The left front window disintegrated upon impact. Both left side doors were jammed shut.

### Safety features discussion

The driver's manual restraint system consisted of a continuous loop 3-point lap and shoulder belt with a sliding latch plate. The emergency locking retractor was located in the B-pillar. The front right seat and all rear outboard seat positions were equipped with lap and shoulder belts using switchable automatic/emergency locking retractors. The middle rear seat was equipped with a lap belt. The vehicle was not equipped with seat belt pretensioners.

The case vehicle was equipped with redesigned (reduced force) driver and front right passenger air bags, a driver's roof rail mounted head impact air bag, and a front right passenger roof rail mounted head curtain side air bag. The driver's air bag was mounted in the steering wheel hub. The front right passenger air bag was a mid instrument panel mount. The front air bags did not deploy. The side air bags were an option for the S model for 2001. The head curtain side air bag modules were located in the roof rails above the front doors. They were designed to deploy downwards. The inflation cylinders were located in the instrument panel inboard of the A-pillars. The side impact sensors were



Figure 9. Exterior view, head curtain side air bag



Figure 10. Interior view, head curtain side air bag

located in the lower B pillars for sedans. The driver's side head curtain side air bag did deploy during the crash. This air bag was 81 cm (32 in) long and was secured by tethers at either end. The single module cover flap opened at the designed tear point and there was no damage to the cover. There were no indications of any contact or damage to the air bag itself.

Description:	2002 Toyota Sienna van		
VIN:	Unknown		
Odometer:	Unknown		
Engine:	Unknown		
Reported Defects:	None noted		
Cargo:	Unknown		
Damage Description:	Moderate damage to rigl police report. Vehicle to	nt front and right side, per owed from scene.	
CDC:	Unknown		
Delta V:	Total	14 km/h (9 mph)	
	Longitudinal	-13 km/h (-8 mph)	
	Latitudinal	-5 km/h (-3 mph)	
	Energy	10,362 joules (7,643 ft lbs)	

Other vehicle

Description:	1994 Ford Ranger	1994 Ford Ranger pickup	
VIN:	Unknown		
Odometer:	Unknown		
Engine:	Unknown		
Reported Defects:	None noted		
Cargo:	Unknown		
Damage Description:	•	Moderate damage to left side, per police repor Vehicle towed from the scene.	
CDC:	Unknown		
Delta V:	Total	Unknown	
	Longitudinal	Unknown	
	Latitudinal	Unknown	
	Energy	Unknown	

Other vehicle

## **Occupants**

<u>Case vehicle (Saturn)</u> Occupant 1 Occupant 2

Age/Sex: 18/Male 22/Male

Seated Position: Front left Front right

Seat Type: Fabric covered bucket seat. Fabric covered bucket seat. Seat

Seat adjusted to rear most adjusted to rear most track

track position. Seat back position. Seat back slightly reclined.

slightly reclined.

Height: 178 cm (70 in) 185 cm (73 in)

Weight: 73 kg (160 lbs) 77 kg (170 lbs)

Occupation: Full time college student. Full time college student.

Pre-existing Medical Condition: None noted None noted

Alcohol/Drug Involvement: None None

Driving Experience: 1 year NA

Body Posture: Normal, upright Normal, upright

Hand Position: Both hands on steering wheel, NA

left higher than right

Foot Position: Left on floor board, right on Presumed to be on floor.

brake

Restraint Usage: 3-point continuous loop lap 3-point continuous loop lap and

and shoulder belt, used shoulder belt, used

Air bag: Steering wheel mounted front Mid instrument panel mounted front

air bag, <u>did not deploy</u>. Roof air bag, <u>did not deploy</u>. Roof rail

rail mounted head curtain side mounted head curtain side air bag,

air bag, deployed. <u>did not deploy</u>.

Other vehicle (Toyota) Occupant 1

Age/Sex: 41/Male

Seated Position: Front left

Seat Type: Bucket seat

Height: 175 cm (69 in)

Weight: 59 kg (130 lbs)

Occupation: Unknown

Pre-existing Medical Condition: None noted

Alcohol/Drug Involvement: None

Driving Experience: Unknown

Body Posture: Unknown

Hand Position: Unknown

Foot Position: Right foot presumed to be on

brake.

Restraint Usage: Lap and shoulder belt used,

per police report

Other vehicle (Ford) Occupant 1 Occupant 2

Age/Sex: 55/Male 39/Female

Seated Position: Front left Front right

Seat Type: Unknown Unknown

Height: 170 cm (67 in) Unknown

Weight: 73 kg (160 lbs) Unknown

Occupation: Unknown Unknown

Pre-existing Medical Condition: None noted None noted

Alcohol/Drug Involvement: None NA

Driving Experience: NA

Body Posture: Unknown Unknown

Hand Position: Unknown Unknown

Foot Position: Unknown Unknown

Restraint Usage: Lap and shoulder belt used, Lap and shoulder belt used, per

per police report police report

# **Injuries and Injury Mechanisms**

Case vehicle (Saturn)

	<u>INJURY</u>	OIC CODE	<u>ICD-9</u>	<u>SOURCE</u>
Driver:	Lacerations, left hand	790600.1,2	882.0	Flying glass
	Contusion, left flank	590402.1,2	922.2	Door side panel
RF Occupant:	Abrasion, abdomen	590202.1,2	911.0	Lap portion of seat belt

Other vehicle (Toyota)

	<u>INJURY</u>	OIC CODE	<u>ICD-9</u>	<b>SOURCE</b>
Driver:	Complained of pain to both	Not codeable		
	arms			

Other vehicle (Ford)

	<u>INJURY</u>	OIC CODE	<u>ICD-9</u>	<u>SOURCE</u>
Driver:	0.64 cm (0.25 in) laceration right eye	290600.1,1	870.0	Unknown

RF Occupant: Complained of pain

#### **Occupant Kinematics**

The 18-year old driver of the case vehicle was seated in the fabric covered bucket seat in a normal, upright fashion. The seat was adjusted to the rear most track position. The seat back was slightly reclined. The seat back was covered by flower print seat cover. He was wearing the available lap and shoulder belt. The shoulder belt upper anchorage was in the mid position. Both of his hands were on steering wheel, with the left slightly higher than right. He was wearing all plastic sunglasses and a short sleeve shirt. At impact, the head curtain side air bag deployed. The driver responded to the 280 degree direction of force by moving to his left and slightly forward. His head likely engaged the air bag, but there were no resultant visible contacts to the air bag and the driver stated that he did not have any facial or head injuries. The side glass did disintegrate-most likely due to distortion from the intruding vehicle. The driver did sustain several minor lacerations from the flying glass. His left flank engaged the intruding door panel—causing a contusion.

The 22-year-old male front right passenger was seated in the fabric covered bucket seat in a normal, upright fashion. The seat was adjusted to the rear most track position. The seat back was slightly reclined. The seat back was covered by flower print seat cover. He was wearing the available lap and shoulder belt. The shoulder belt upper anchorage was in the mid position. At impact, he responded to the 280 degree direction of force by moving to his left and slightly forward. He loaded the seat belt causing an abrasion to the left side of his abdomen. He complained of pain to his knees (from coming together) but there was no visible injury.



Figure 11. Left interior, door panel

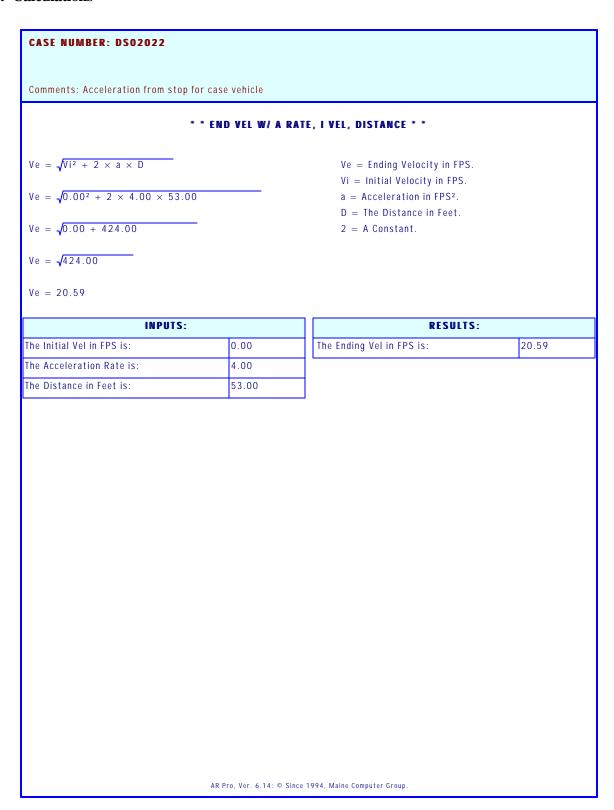


Figure 12. Driver's seated position



Figure 13. Front right passenger seated position

### **Attachment 1. Calculations**



#### CASE NUMBER: DS02022

Comments: Slide to stop speed for Sienna

## \* \* MINIMUM SPEED W/ KNOWN DRAG FACTOR \* \*

 $S = \sqrt{30 \times D \times f}$ 

 $S = \sqrt{30 \times 76.10 \times 0.70}$ 

 $S = \sqrt{1598.10}$ 

S = 39.97

S	_	The	Sne	ьA	in	MPH
J	_	1116	Spc	сu	1111	IVIFII

30 = A Constant.

D = The Distance in Feet.

 $f = {\sf The\ Adjusted\ Accel/Drag\ Factor}.$ 

INPUTS:		
The Acceleration/Drag Factor is:	0.70	
The Distance in Feet is:	76.10	

RESULTS:	
The Speed in MPH is:	39.97
The Velocity in FPS is:	58.59

AR Pro, Ver. 6.14: © Since 1994, Maine Computer Group.

### CASE NUMBER: DS02022

Comments: Minimum pre-braking travel speed for Sienna

#### \* \* COMBINED MINIMUM SPEEDS W/ KNOWN SPEEDS \* \*

$$S = \sqrt{S^2(1) + S^2(2) + ... S^2(n)}$$

$$S = \sqrt{(39.97)^2 + (8.70)^2 + (0.00)^2 + (0.00)^2 + (0.00)^2 + (0.00)^2 + (0.00)^2 + (0.00)^2 + (0.00)^2}$$

$$S = \sqrt{1597.60 + 75.69 + 0.00 + 0.00 + 0.00 + 0.00 + 0.00 + 0.00}$$

 $S = \sqrt{1673.29}$ 

S = 40.90

S = The Speed in MPH.

 $S^2$  = The Individual Min. Speed.

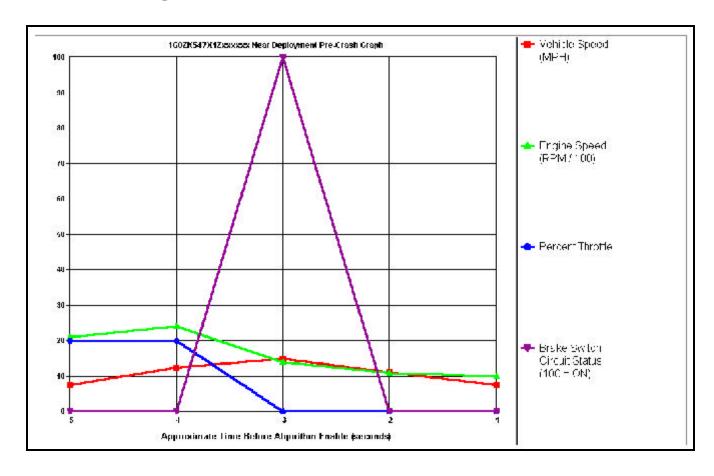
(1), (2), (n) = The # of the individual speed.

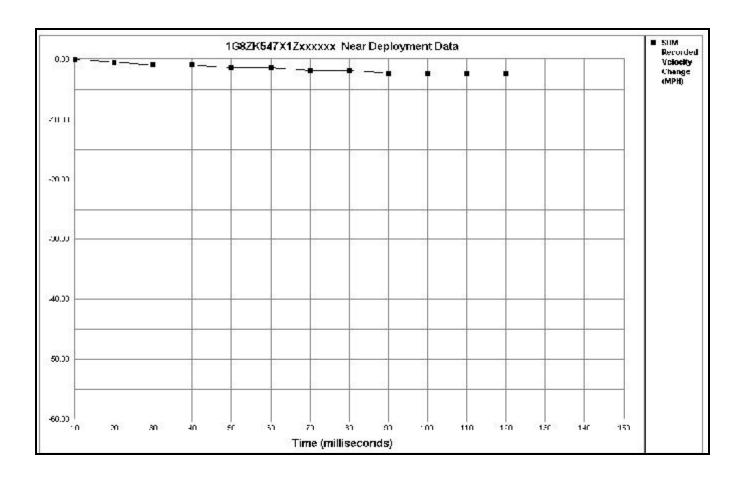
INPUTS:	
Speed #1 in MPH is:	39.97
Speed #2 in MPH is:	8.70

RESULTS:	
The Speed in MPH is:	40.90
The Velocity in FPS is:	59.95

AR Pro, Ver. 6.14: © Since 1994, Maine Computer Group.

# Attachment 2. Vetronix report for case vehicle (2001 Saturn SL2)





1G8ZK547X1Zxxxxx	xx System Status At Near Deployment	
SR Wenning Len p Stelus	CF=	
Driver's Ball Switch Crout Status	вожев	
Passenger Front Air Fag Suppression Swifter Circuit Status	Air Deg Not Suppressed	
lantion Cycles At Near Decitivment	3565	
Ignition Cycles 4: Investigation	3573	
Mazin uni SDM Recorded Melocity Change (f/PH)	-2.59	
Algorithm enable to Maximum SUM Recorded Velocity Change (made)	1ω	

Tine (nill security)	10	20	31	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120	130	140	150
SDM Recorded Valocity Changs	0.00	C/4	0.88	0.58	1.32	1.32	1.76	1.75	2.19	2:19	215	2.19	NA.	1905	14/4

PRE-CRASH DATA							
Seconds Defore AL	Vehicle Speed (MPII)	Engine Speed (RPM)	Percent Throttle	Drake Switch Circuit Status			
-5	7	2112	20	CTT			
-4	12	2432	20	CFF			
-3	15	1408	0	37			
10	1'	1088	0	CFF			
1	7	960	0	CFF			