On-scene Investigation / Vehicle to Vehicle Dynamic Science, Inc. / Case Number: DS98018 1995 Hyundai Accent L 3-door Hatchback Arizona May 1998 This document is disseminated under the sponsorship of the Department of Transportation in the interest of information exchange. The United States Government assumes no responsibility for the contents or use thereof.

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The crash investigation process is an inexact science which requires that physical evidence such as skid marks, vehicular damage measurements, and occupant contact points be coupled with the investigator's expert knowledge and experience of vehicle dynamics and occupant kinematics in order to determine the precrash, crash, and post-crash movements of involved vehicles and occupants.

Because each crash is a unique sequence of events, generalized conclusions cannot be made concerning the crashworthiness performance of the involved vehicle(s) or their safety systems.

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16. Abstract			
L 3-door hatchback, was driven westbound b (122 cm-48 in/23.6 kgs-52 lbs)-the driver's d	y a restrained 27-year-old female (158 cm-62 ir aughter, who was improperly restrained with th	n/64 kgs-140 lbs) at a minimum travel spe te shoulder belt behind her back. Vehicle	clear, and the roadway was dry and free of defects. Vehicle 1, a 1995 Hyundai Accent eed of 39.3 km/h (24.4 mph). The front right seat was occupied by a 5-year-old female 2, a 1985 Ford LTD Crown Victoria 4-door, was being driven westbound by a 46-year- parking lot. The front right seat of Vehicle 2 was occupied by a restrained 36-year-old
shoulder restraints, but that she was wearing her. The driver applied her brakes and depos	the shoulder belt behind her back; this was inc ited 8.7 meters (28.4 ft) of locked wheel skidma ' of 16.9 km/h (10.5 mph), and a longitudinal De	dicated in the medical records. When the arks. Vehicle 1 was unable to stop and its	ng in it. The driver further stated that her daughter was wearing the available lap and driver of Vehicle 1 looked forward, she saw Vehicle 2 was stopped directly in front of front (12FDEW1, 0E PDOF) struck the back of Vehicle 2 (06BDLW1, 180E PDOF). front air bags deployed. Vehicle 2 sustained a total Delta-V of 9.3 km/h (5.8 mph), and
belts. Due to the pre-impact braking she was		ulder belts. At impact with Vehicle 2, the o	nands on the steering wheel. She was restrained by the available lap and shoulder driver's air bag deployed and came into contact with the driver's left forearm causing clear if she received treatment for her injuries.
The front right occupant of Vehicle 1 sustained fatal injuries in this collision. Prior to the collision with Vehicle 2, she was seated in an upright position, and was preoccupied with her coloring book. She was wearing lap belt, but the shoulder belt was behind her. The pre-impact braking and subsequent impact caused her to pitch forward and into close proximity of the now-deploying air bag. The air bag struck her directly in the fat the anterior part of the neck, chest, and both arms. As the air bag continued its unfolding pattern "it snapped" and accelerated her head rearward causing the fatal injury of a complete dislocation of the occipital bone (AIS-2) and the first cervical vertebra with a laceration an almost a complete transection of the pons and medulla (AIS-6). She also sustained a subarachnoid hemorrhage (AIS-3) around the base to the cerebellum a brain stem; moderate to severe cerebral edema (AIS-4), and mild to moderate edema and congestion to her lungs (AIS-3). She sustained numerous contusions (AIS-1) and abrasions (AIS-1) about her face, neck, chest, adomen, both of her upper arms, and her right fingers as a result of contact with the air bag. She sustained a contusion (AIS-1) to her right lateral leg that may have been caused by contact with the instrume panel, and an abrasion (AIS-1) to her lateral thigh.			Hose proximity of the now-deploying air bag. The air bag struck her directly in the face, ead rearward causing the fatal injury of a complete dislocation of the occipital bone ustained a subarachnoid hemorrhage (AIS-3) around the base to the cerebellum and ained numerous contusions (AIS-1) and abrasions (AIS-1) about her face, neck,
front right occupant was removed from Vehic almost immediately and he initiated cardiopul	te 1 and carried into one of the businesses. Me Imonary resuscitation, and the investigating poli r. Her Glasgow Coma Scale was noted as a 3.	edical records indicate that she was unco ice officer noted that she was completely	child, and saw smoke emanating from Vehicle 1, which was perceived as a fire. The nscious, unresponsive with agonal respirations and no pulse. A deputy was on scene blue when he first saw her. Initially she was transported via ground ambulance to a she received 50 minutes of preoperative resuscitation. A lateral C-spine x-ray showed
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BACKGROUND:

Description:

This case was initiated in response to a report of fatal injuries to the front right occupant, a 5-year-old female, as a result of the deployment of the front right passenger's air bag. The case was conducted as an on scene investigation. The National Transportation Safety Board, as a result of a newspaper article, notified the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration. The driver of Vehicle 1 was present during the vehicle inspection.

Investigation Type:	On-scene
Crash Location:	Arizona
Crash Date:	May, 1998
Notification Date:	May, 1998
Field Work Completed:	May, 1998

SUMMARY:

The collision occurred in May, 1998 around 1215 hours in Arizona. This was a two-vehicle rear end type collision. At the point of impact, the roadway is a two way, two lane, undivided asphalt roadway with a positive 3.3% slope (see Figure 1). The weather was clear, and the roadway was dry and free of defects. There were no traffic controls and the posted speed limit is 56 km/h (35 mph).

Vehicle 1, a 1995 Hyundai Accent L 3-door hatchback, was driven westbound by a restrained



Figure 1. Roadway and impact area.

27-year-old female (158 cm-62 in/64 kgs-140 lbs) at a minimum travel speed of 39.3 km/h (24.4 mph)¹. The front right seat was occupied by a 5-year-old female (122 cm-48 in/23.6 kgs-52 lbs)²–the driver's daughter, who was improperly restrained with the shoulder belt behind her back.

Vehicle 2, a 1985 Ford LTD Crown Victoria 4-door, was being driven westbound by a 46-year-old male (191 cm-75 in/109 kgs-240 lbs). Vehicle 2 was directly in front of Vehicle 1, stopped and

¹ See Attachment A for calculations of minimum travel speed

 $^{^{2}}$ The height and weight were obtained from the autopsy report and they differed from what was indicated on the police report

attempting a left turn into a private parking lot. The front right seat of Vehicle 2 was occupied by a restrained 36-year-old male (168 cm-66 in/73 kgs-160 lbs).

The driver of Vehicle 1 stated that she was looking at and talking to her daughter who had a coloring book on her lap and was coloring in it. The driver further stated that her daughter was wearing the available lap and shoulder restraints, but that she was wearing the shoulder belt behind her back; this was indicated in the medical records. When the driver of Vehicle 1 looked forward, she saw Vehicle 2 was stopped directly in front of her. The driver applied her brakes and deposited 8.7 meters (28.4 ft) of locked wheel skidmarks.

Vehicle 1 was unable to stop and its front (12FDEW1, 0E PDOF) struck the back of Vehicle 2 (06BDLW1, 180E PDOF). At impact, Vehicle 1 sustained a total Delta-V of 16.9 km/h (10.5 mph)³, and a longitudinal Delta-V of -16.9 km/h (-10.5 mph) and both front air bags deployed. Vehicle 2 sustained a total Delta-V of 9.3 km/h (5.8 mph), and a longitudinal Delta-V of 9.3 km/h (5.8 mph). These results fit the collision model and appear reasonable.

The front seat lap and shoulder restraints of Vehicle 1 are equipped with emergency locking retractors, and load limiters (energy management loops) that did not separate in either seat position. There are indications of previous seat belt usage on both sides (the vehicle has 79,926 km/-49,665 miles). There was evidence of loading on the driver's seat belts, but very little evidence of loading front passenger's seat belts.

Prior to the collision with Vehicle 2, the driver of Vehicle 1 was seated in a fabric covered bucket seat with a folding back. The seat was slightly reclined at a 14E angle and adjusted to between forward most and middle track position. She is presumed to have been seated in an upright position with both of her hands on the steering wheel. She was restrained by the available lap and shoulder belts. At impact with Vehicle 2, her right foot was depressing the brake pedal and her left foot was depressing the clutch pedal. Due to the pre-impact braking she was projected forward and loaded the lap and shoulder belts. At impact with Vehicle 2, the driver's air bag deployed and came into contact with the driver's left forearm causing contusions and abrasions (AIS-1). The driver of Vehicle 1 was transported via ground ambulance to a local medical center. It is not clear if she received treatment for her injuries.

The front right occupant of Vehicle 1 sustained fatal injuries in this collision. Prior to the collision with Vehicle 2, the front right occupant in Vehicle 1 was seated in a fabric-covered bucket seat with a folding back. The seat was reclined at a 23E angle and was adjusted to between the middle and rearmost track position. She was seated in an upright position, and was preoccupied with her coloring book. She was wearing the lap belt with the shoulder belt behind her. The pre-impact braking and subsequent impact caused her to pitch forward and into close proximity of the now-deploying air bag. The air bag struck her directly in the face, the anterior part of the neck, chest, and both arms. As the air bag continued its unfolding pattern it ccelerated her head rearward causing the fatal injury of a complete dislocation of the occipital bone (AIS-2) and the first cervical vertebra with a laceration an almost a complete transection of the pons and medulla (AIS-6). She also sustained a subarachnoid hemorrhage

³ Computed using WinSmash with the Damage Only Option

(AIS-3) around the base to the cerebellum and brain stem; moderate to severe cerebral edema (AIS-4), and mild to moderate edema and congestion to her lungs (AIS-3). She sustained numerous contusions (AIS-1) and abrasions (AIS-1) about her face, neck, chest, abdomen, both of her upper arms, and her right fingers as a result of contact with the air bag. She sustained a contusion (AIS-1) to her right lateral leg that may have been caused by contact with the instrument panel, and an abrasion (AIS-1) to her lateral thigh.

Immediately after the collision, bystanders came out of local businesses. They saw the driver of Vehicle 1 screaming for help for her child, and saw smoke emanating from Vehicle 1, which was perceived as a fire. The front right occupant was removed from Vehicle 1 and carried into one of the businesses. Medical records indicate that she was unconscious, unresponsive with agonal⁴ respirations and no pulse. A deputy was on scene almost immediately and he initiated cardiopulmonary resuscitation, and the investigating police officer noted that she was completely blue when he first saw her. Initially she was transported via ground ambulance to a site where she was airlifted to a medical center. Her Glasgow Coma Scale was noted as a 3. She arrived at the medical center were she received 50 minutes of preoperative resuscitation. A lateral C-spine x-ray showed the occipital dislocation and she was declared brain dead at 1420 hours of the same day. Her eyes and heart were harvested for organ donation.

Rescue Activities time line:

Event	Event Time
Ambulance called	1213
Collision Reported to police	1215
Police arrived at scene	1223
Ambulance departed scene	1247
Helicopter alerted	1225
Helicopter arrived at scene	1250
Helicopter left scene	1303
Helicopter arrived at hospital	1319
Hospital records indicate admitted	1311
Time of Death	1420 hours

Both occupants in Vehicle 2 reported that they had not been injured.

Vehicle 1 was towed from the scene, but was driveable. Vehicle 2 was not damaged, there was only paint transfer only to the back bumper. Vehicle 2 was driven from the scene by its driver.

⁴ When the heart stops beating in cardiac arrest the breathing center in the brain is still alive for a couple of minutes and will cause the victim to take a few abnormal breaths. These abnormal breaths associated in dying are called agonal respirations. They may appear like snoring, gasping, or snorting and will disappear in a couple of minutes.

DETAILED INFORMATION

Vehicles

Vehicle 1			
Description:	1995 Hyundai Accent L 3-door Hatchback		
VIN:	KMHVD14NXSUXXXXXX		
Odometer:	79,926 km (49,665 miles)		
Engine:	1.5 L OHC L4		
Vehicle History:	The vehicle's front end had a different shade of paint indicating previous damage and repairs. The vehicle was reportedly purchased from rental car agency. It is not known if the air bags had previously deployed.		
Cargo:	None		
Damage Description:	Moderate damage to the front bumper, hood, grille area, front left fender and windshield. The hood was displaced rearward and buckled upward at the left corner. There was contact damage and white paint transfers beginning at the front left bumper corner and extending laterally towards the front right bumper corner. The windshield was cracked by the front right passenger's air bag module cover. The vehicle was towed from the scene but not due to damage since the vehicle was driveable; it was driven to where it was inspected.		
CDC:	12FDEW1		
Impact Speed:		17.2 km/h (10.7 mph) ⁵	
Delta V:	Total	16.9 km/h (10.5 mph)	
	Longitudinal	-16.9 km/h (-10.5 mph)	
	Latitudinal	0 km/h (0 mph)	
	Energy	8, 509 joules (6,276 ft-lbs)	

 $^{^{5}}$ Calculated combining total delta v and post impact skidmark, see Attachment A



Figure 2. Damage to Vehicle 1.

Air bag System:

Vehicle 1 was equipped with a driver's air bag and mid-mounted front right passenger's air bag. The steering wheel hub mounted driver's air bag is circular and is 54.5 cm (21.5 in) in diameter; it has two vent holes, two tethers, and ten horizontal folds. There were black smudges on the upper right quadrant of the face of the air bag from either contact with the interior module covers or possibly make-up transfer from the driver. The module cover has an "H" configuration; there were no indications of any damage or occupant contact. The passenger side air bag is rectangular in shape and measures 54 cm (21.3 in) high by 42.5 cm (16.7 in) wide; it has two tethers and two vent holes. There

is 58 cm (22.8 in) of air bag excursion. The distance from midinstrument panel to the back of the front right seat is 76 cm (29.9 in). There were no occupant contacts found on the air bag, but there were crayon smearing about the entire face of the air bag (see Figure 3). The module cover is



rectangular in shape and **Figure 3**. Crayon smearing to front right air bag. there were no indications of damage or occupant contact.

The windshield on the right side was cracked by the front right passenger's air bag module cover. There was an air bag imprint on the windshield directly above the steering wheel. There was also an air bag imprint on the right side, on the upper front right quadrant of the windshield. There was also powder residue from the front right passenger's air bag on the front right side window.

Vehicle 2

Description:	1985 Ford LTD C
VIN:	2FABP43G7FXX
Odometer:	118,596 km (73,69
Engine:	5.8 L V8
Reported Defects:	None reported
Cargo:	None
Damage Description:	Minor damage to the transfer.
CDC:	06BDLW1
Impact Speed:	
Delta V:	Total

1985 Ford LTD Crown Victoria 4-door				
2FABP43G7FXXXXXXX				
118,596 km (73,694 miles)				
5.8 L V8				
None reported				
None				
Minor damage to the rear bumper consisting of paint transfer.				
06BDLW1				
	0 km/h (0 mph)			
Total	9.3 km/h (5.8 mph)			
Longitudinal	9.3 km/h (5.8 mph)			
Latitudinal	0 km/h (0 mph)			
Energy	9,425 Joules			
Longitudinal	9.3 km/h (5.8 mph) 9.3 km/h (5.8 mph)			
Energy	9,425 Joules			



Figure 4. Damage to Vehicle 2.

(6,958 ft-lbs)

Occupants

Vehicle 1	Occupant 1	Occupant 2
Age/Sex:	27/Female	5/Female
Seated Position:	Front left	Front right
Seat Type:	Fabric-covered bucket seats with folding backs	Fabric-covered bucket seats with folding backs
Height:	158 cm (62 in)	122 cm (48 in)
Weight:	64 kg (140 lbs)	23.6 kg (52 lbs)
Occupation:	Unknown	NA
Pre-existing Medical Condition:	None noted	None noted on medical records
Alcohol/Drug Involvement:	None	NA
Driving Experience:	Presumed to be > 10 years	NA
Driving Experience: Body Posture:	Presumed to be > 10 years Normal, upright	NA Sitting upright coloring with crayons
0	·	
Body Posture:	Normal, upright Presumed both on steering	Sitting upright coloring with crayons
Body Posture: Hand Position:	Normal, upright Presumed both on steering wheel Right foot depressing brake pedal, and left foot depressing	Sitting upright coloring with crayons Holding crayons and coloring book Dangling over the leading edge of

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Vehicle 2	Occupant 1	Occupant 2
Age/Sex:	46/Male	36/Male
Seated Position:	Front left	Front right
Seat Type:	Split bench with separate back cushion	Split bench with separate back cushion
Height:	191 cm (75 in.)	168 cm (66 in.)
Weight:	109 kg (240 lbs.)	68 kg (150 lbs.)
Occupation:	Unknown	Unknown
Pre-existing Medical Condition:	Unknown	Unknown
Alcohol/Drug Involvement:	None	None
Driving Experience:	Presumed > 30 years	Presumed > 20 years
Body Posture:	Unknown	Unknown
Hand Position:	On steering wheel	Unknown
Foot Position:	Right foot depressing brake pedal, left foot on floor	Unknown
Restraint Usage:	Lap and shoulder restraints used–per police report	Lap and shoulder restraints used–per police report
Air bag:	NA	NA

Injuries and Injury Mechanisms

Vehicle 1

	<u>INJURY</u>	OIC CODE	<u>ICD-9</u>	<u>SOURCE</u>
Driver:	Contusions to left forearm	790402.1, 2	923.10	Driver's air bag
	Abrasions to left forearm	790202.1, 2	913.0	Driver's air bag
Front right occupant:	Complete dislocation of occipital bone and	650208.2, 6	847.0	Front right air bag
	the first cervical vertebra with almost complete transection of the pons and medulla. Declared brain dead.	140212.6, 8	851.65	Front right air bag
	Subarachnoid hemorrhage around the base of the cerebellum and brain stem	140684.3, 3	852.2	Front right air bag
	Moderate to severe cerebral edema	140664.4, 3	348.5	Front right air bag
	Mild to moderate edema and congestion to lungs	441402.3, 9	518.4	Front right air bag
	Contusion to right cheek covering an area measuring overall 9x7 cm	290402.1, 1	920	Front right air bag
	Abrasion to right cheek covering an area measuring overall 9x7 cm	290202.1, 1	910.0	Front right air bag

Circular contusion to upper lip	290402.1, 8	920	Front right air bag
Abrasion to upper lip	290202.1, 8	910.0	Front right air bag
Extensive contusion to lower lip	290402.1, 8	920	Front right air bag
Abrasion to lower lip	290202.1, 8	910.0	Front right air bag
Laceration of the frenulum	290600.1, 8	873.49	Front right air bag
Abrasion to inferior portion of the chin measuring 17x5 cm	290202.1, 8	910.0	Front right air bag
Triangular shaped abrasion covering the	390202.1, 5	910.0	Front right air bag
anterior neck and anterior chest measuring overall 15x9 cm	490202.1, 0	910.0	
Abrasion to right anterior arm, midway between elbow and shoulder measuring 5.5x2.5 cm	790202.1, 1	912.0	Front right air bag
Contusion to right posterior thumb measuring 1.5x1 cm	790402.1, 1	923.3	Front right air bag
Contusion of right posterior index finger involving middle knuckle measuring 2.7x1.6 cm	790402.1, 1	923.3	Front right air bag
Abrasion to the left anterior and lateral forearm and arm measuring 21x9 cm	790202.1, 2	912.0	Front right air bag

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Four abrasions covering lower chest and upper abdomen both on the right and left sides measuring 10x9 cm	590202.1, 1 590202.1, 2	911.0 911.0	Front right air bag
Contusion right lateral leg below the knee measuring 3x3 cm	890402.1, 1	924.10	Possibly right instrument panel
Linear abrasions to right lateral thigh measuring 14x3 cm	890202.1, 1	916.0	Source unknown

Vehicle 2

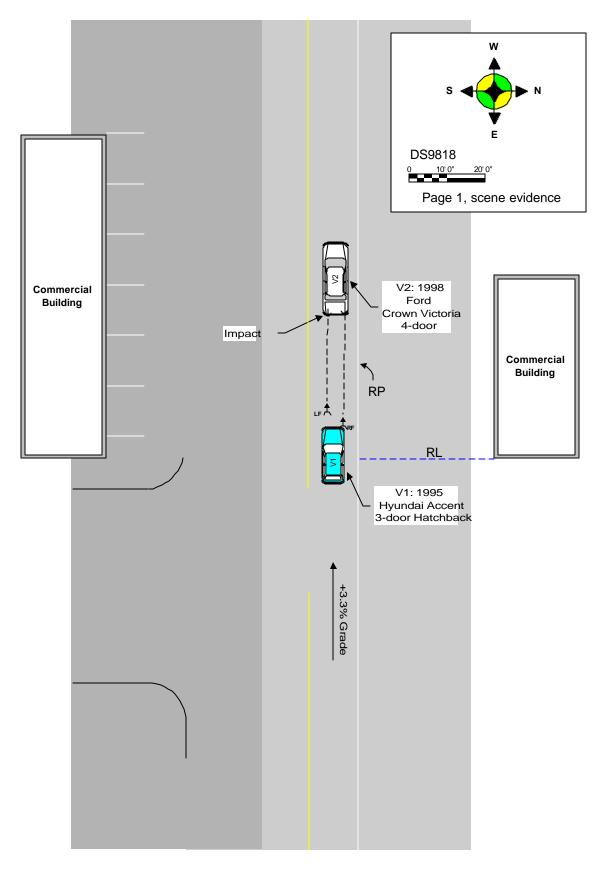
INJURYDriverNot injuredFront right
occupantNot injured

Occupant Kinematics

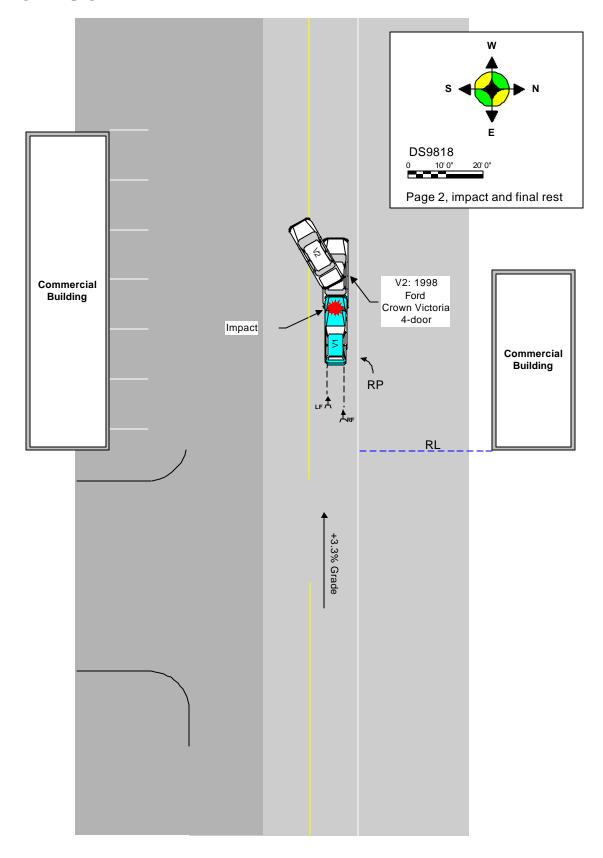
Vehicle 1 was traveling westbound at a calculated speed of 39.3 km/h (24.4 mph). Prior to the collision with Vehicle 2, the driver of Vehicle 1 was seated in a fabric covered bucket seat with a folding back. The seat was slightly reclined at a 14E angle and adjusted to between forward most and middle track position. She is presumed to have been seated in an upright position with both of her hands on the steering wheel. She was restrained by the available lap and shoulder belts. At impact with Vehicle 2, her right foot was depressing the brake pedal and her left foot was depressing the clutch pedal. Due to the pre-impact braking she was projected forward and loaded the lap and shoulder belts. At impact with Vehicle 2, the driver's air bag deployed and came into contact with the driver's left forearm. The driver came to rest in an upright seating position.

Prior to the collision with Vehicle 2, the front right occupant in Vehicle 1 was seated in a fabric-covered bucket seat with folding a back. The seat was reclined at a 23E angle and was adjusted to between the middle and rear-most track position. She was seated in an upright position, and was preoccupied with her coloring book. The pre-impact braking and subsequent impact caused her to pitch forward and into close proximity of the now-deploying air bag. The air bag struck her directly in the face, the anterior part of the neck, chest, and both arms. As the air bag continued its unfolding pattern "it snapped" and accelerated her head rearward causing the fatal injury of a complete dislocation of the occipital bone and the first cervical vertebra with a laceration an almost a complete transection of the pons and medulla.

Scene Diagram - page 1



Scene Diagram - page 2



COLLISION MEASUREMENTS

Reference point: North Edge fog line of East-West Roadway

Reference line: East End of Commercial Building on North Side of Roadway Edge

Data Point	Distance and Direction from Reference Point	Distance and Direction from Reference Line
Begin RF skidmark	3' 8" S	11' 7" W
Impact	3' 6" S	38' 3" W
End RF skidmark (final rest)	3' 5" S	40' 6" W
Begin LF skidmark	8' 3" S	15' 10" W
Impact	8' 2'' S	38' 3" W
End LF skidmark (final rest)	8' 1" S	39' 3" W

ATTACHMENT A

CASE NUMBER: None

Comments: DS9818 Minimum travel speed from RF skidmark

* * MINIMUM SPEED W/ KNOWN DRAG FACTOR * *

- $S = \sqrt{30 \times D \times f}$
- $S = \sqrt{30 \times 28.42 \times 0.70}$
- $S = \sqrt{596.82}$
- S = 24.42

S = The Speed in MPH.
30 = A Constant.
D = The Distance in Feet.
f = The Adjusted Accel/Drag Factor.

INPUTS:		RESULTS:	
The Acceleration/Drag Factor is:	0.70	The Speed in MPH is:	24.42
The Distance in Feet is:	28.42	The Velocity in FPS is:	35.79

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CASE NUMBER: None					
Comments: DS9818 Impact speed calculated using post impact skidmark and total delta v					
* * COMBINED MINIMUM SPEEDS W/ KNOWN SPEEDS * *					
$S = \sqrt{S^2(1) + S^2(2) + \dots S^2(n)}$					
$S = (2.30)^2 + (10.50)^2 + (0.00)^2 + (0$					
S = 5.29 + 110.25 + 0.00 +	.00+0.00+0.00				
$S = \sqrt{115.54}$		S = The Speed in MPH.			
		S^2 = The Individual Min. Speed.			
S = 10.74		(1), (2), (n) = The $\#$ of the individu	al speed.		
INPUTS: RESULTS		RESULTS:			
Speed #1 in MPH is:	2.30	The Speed in MPH is:	10.74		
Speed #2 in MPH is:	10.50	The Velocity in FPS is:	15.74		

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