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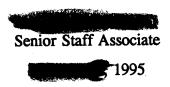
TRANSPORTATION RESEARCH CENTER

Indiana University
Bloomington, Indiana 47403-1599

REMOTE ALLEGED SAFETY-RELATED DEFECT REPORT

CASE NO. - 95-13
FLEET - PRIVATE VEHICLE
LOCATION IDAHO
INCIDENT DATE - 1995

Submitted By:



Contract Number: DTNH22-94-D-17058

Prepared for:

U.S. Department of Transportation
National Highway Traffic Safety Administration
National Center for Statistics and Analysis
Washington, D.C. 20590

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The crash investigation process is an inexact science which requires that physical evidence such as skid marks, vehicular damage measurements, and occupant contact points be coupled with the investigator's expert knowledge and experience of vehicle dynamics and occupant kinematics in order to determine the pre-crash, crash, and post-crash movements of involved vehicles and occupants.

Because each crash is a unique sequence of events, generalized conclusions cannot be made concerning the crashworthiness performance of the involved vehicle(s) or their safety systems.

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Remote alleged safety-related defect investigation involving a good samaritan who developed respiratory problems from tending to an injured driver whose air bag-equipped vehicle was involved in a crash.

16. Abstract

This report covers a remote, alleged, safety-related defect investigation of an individual who developed respiratory problems as a result of tending to an injured driver whose air bag-equipped, 1994 Ford F-150, 4x4, Supercab pick-up truck was involved in a crash. The 1994 Ford pick-up truck collided with a 1988 GMC 4500, 4x2, medium duty commercial parcel van at an intersection approximately 91 meters (100 yards) from this individual's residence. This individual is a Registered nurse (RN) and a qualified, first aid responder. Upon her arrival at the crash site, she attempted to administer first aid by immobilizing the head and neck of the unconscious driver of the pick-up truck. The driver of the pickup truck was not using her available safety belts, but was protected by the vehicle's driver side supplemental restraint system (air bag) which had deployed as a result of the crash. As the driver began to regain consciousness, she put her entire upper body through the open window of the pickup in order to maintain the immobilization of the driver's neck. This individual never noticed the deployed air bag while immobilizing the driver. While leaning in front of the driver, she began to cough and experience some respiratory discomfort. Subsequently, EMS personnel arrived and removed the driver and thus enabled this individual to withdraw her upper body from the driver's vehicle. Immediately afterwards, this individual was coughing almost constantly. Fire and rescue personnel told her that the driver's air bag had exploded (i.e., ruptured), and one EMT told her that he observed particles floating in the driver's area when he arrived. According to this individual, in the days and weeks that followed, she experienced an ongoing upper respiratory infection as a result of her involvement.

17. Key Words		18. Distribution Statement		•
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TRC/IU REMOTE ALLEGED SAFETY-RELATED DEFECT REPORT

TRC/IU CASE NO. 95-13

FLEET - PRIVATE VEHICLE LOCATION IDAHO

SUMMARY

This report concerns a motor vehicle incident involving an air bag-equipped 1994 Ford F-150, 4x4, Supercab pick-up truck and a 1988 GMC 4500, 4x2, medium duty commercial parcel van occurring on 1995 at 1995

The pickup truck was traveling east on a two-lane, undivided, county roadway when it impacted the parcel van which was traveling south on an intersecting, two-lane (one northbound, one southbound), divided, county trafficway. The pickup truck rotated approximately 90 degrees clockwise after impact and came to rest on the southeast corner of the intersection facing south. The parcel van was knocked southeastward through the southeast corner of the intersection after impact and, subsequently, impacted a chain link fence and mailbox post before rolling over. The van came to rest on its left side in the lawn of a house located at the southeast corner of the intersection heading essentially south.

The front of the pickup truck impacted the right rear of the parcel van. With no available vehicle photographs, the CDC and TDC are not estimable for the pickup truck and parcel van, respectively. No reconstruction program was used on this crash because the crash was not the subject of this investigation.

The crash occurred at an intersection approximately 91 meters (100 yards) from an individual's residence. This individual is a Registered nurse (RN) and a qualified, first aid responder. Upon her arrival at the crash site, she attempted to administer first aid by immobilizing the head and neck of the unconscious driver of the pick-up truck. The 1994 Ford F-150 was equipped with a driver supplemental restraint systems (air bag) which deployed as a result of the frontal impact. The driver of the vehicle (44 year-old female) was not wearing the available, safety belts. According to this individual, as the driver began to regain consciousness and thus move about, she bent her entire torso (i.e., from the waist) through the open window of the pickup and attempted to maintain the immobilization of the driver's neck while, at the same time, verbally reassuring the driver. According to this individual, she never noticed the deployed air bag while immobilizing the driver and attending to her immediate needs; however, at this point she began to cough and experience some respiratory discomfort. She recalls smelling a strange and unfamiliar odor, but she attributed the odor to her anxiety. Subsequently, EMS personnel arrived and removed the driver through the right front passenger side door, thus enabling this individual to withdraw her whole upper body from the driver's door window. According to this individual, by the time the injured driver was placed in the ambulance, this individual was coughing almost constantly. Afterwards fire and rescue personnel told her that the driver's air bag had exploded (i.e., ruptured), and one EMT told her that he saw particles floating in the driver's area (of the vehicle's interior) when he arrived.

The driver of the pickup was listed on the Police Accident Report as sustaining an "A" (incapacitating) injury as a result of this crash. The driver (35 year-old male) of the 1988 GMC parcel van was listed on the Police Accident Report as not sustaining any injury. According to this individual, in the days and weeks that followed, she experienced numerous respiratory problems such as: coughing attacks, severe soar throat, laryngitis, bilateral ear congestion, and continued bronchial irritation.

TRC/IU REMOTE ALLEGED SAFETY-RELATED DEFECT REPORT

TRC/IU CASE NO. 95-13

FLEET - PRIVATE VEHICLE LOCATION - IDAHO

ACCIDENT DATA

Location/Street: County road

City/Township: County, near County, near Idaho

Area/Type: Rural, agricultural (according to PAR)

Accident Date/Time: 1995, @ p.m.

Investigating Police Agency: Idaho State Police

Accident Type: Pickup / Medium Duty Parcel Van - right

angle

Occupant Injury Severity

(for incident): Respiratory Infection - Not Codeable in

A.I.S. '90'

AMBIENT CONDITIONS

Light Conditions: Daylight - per PAR

Weather Condition: Cloudy, but blowing dust/sand - per PAR

Precipitation: None - per "good samaritan"

Road Surface: Dry - per PAR

ROADWAY

Air Bag Vehicle <u>Vehicle #2</u>

Location: County Road County Road

•

Number of Travel Lanes:

2-lanes, one eastbound, one westbound, undivided

2-lanes, one northbound, one southbound, divided

- per PAR diagram by longitudinal barrier -

per PAR box and diagram

Width: Unknown Unknown

Surface Type: Asphalt - per "good sa- Asphalt - per PAR

maritan"

ROADWAY (CONTINUED)

Air Bag Vehicle

Vehicle #2

Vertical alignment:

Level - per "good samaritan"

Level - per PAR

Horizontal alignment:

Straight - per PAR dia-

Straight - per PAR box and diagram

Traffic Density:

Traffic Controls:

Moderate - per "good

Moderate - per "good

samaritan"

gram

samaritan"

Speed Limit:

80 k.m.h. (50 m.p.h.) -

80 k.m.h. (50 m.p.h.) per PAR

per PAR

Regulatory STOP sign -

per PAR box and diagram

None - per PAR

VEHICLES

Vehicle #2 Air Bag Vehicle

Year:

1994

1988

Make:

Model:

Ford

GMC

F150, 4x4, Supercab

1FTEX14H6RK-----

4500, Medium Duty

1GDG4T1T7JV-----

Body Type:

2-door, pick-up

Parcel van

V.I.N.:

Mileage:

Unknown Unlikely

Unlikely

Unknown

Windshield damage/source:

Securiflex windshield:

Unknown

Unknown

Active Restraints:

3-point, manual, lap and shoulder belts in front outboard seating positions; lap belt only at front center position; unknown for rear bench per Gasoline Truck Index 2-point lap belt - per PAR

Passive Restraints:

Factory installed driver

supplemental restraint

None

Fleet:

Private vehicle

system (air bag)

Commercial

Tow status:

Towed due to damage

Towed due to damage

Reported Defects:

None - per PAR

None - per PAR

INCIDENT SEQUENCE

This contractor was assigned to investigate an incident that involves an individual who developed respiratory problems as a result of tending to the injured driver of an air bag-equipped vehicle whose driver side air bag deployed in a crash.

PRE-CRASH:

According to the Police Accident Report, the air bag vehicle (F-150 pickup) was traveling east on a two-lane, undivided, county roadway and was attempting to continue in its eastward direction of travel. Vehicle #2 (4500 medium duty parcel van) was traveling south on an intersecting, two-lane (one northbound, one southbound), divided, county trafficway and was attempting to continue in its southbound direction of travel. It is unknown which, if either, of the involved vehicles made any pre-crash avoidance maneuvers; although, it is most likely that one of them did (i.e., attempted pre-crash braking) since the "good samaritan" indicated that she heard a "loud noise"--see Appendix B. According to the diagram on the Police Accident Report, the air bag vehicle and vehicle #2 most likely continued essentially straight ahead prior to impact. According to the Police Accident Report, the crash occurred at the four-way intersection of the two county roads. The east/west leg is controlled by a stop sign with the north/south leg uncontrolled; both roadways have a 80 k.m.h. (50 m.p.h.) speed limit. According to the Police Accident Report, the area is considered rural/agricultural but, according to the involved "good samaritan", is rapidly changing because of the numerous subdivisions being built in the area.

CRASH:

According to the Police Accident Report, the front of the air bag vehicle impacted the right rear of vehicle #2 causing the driver side supplemental restraint system (air bag) to deploy. The air bag vehicle rotated approximately 90 degrees clockwise after impact and came to rest on the southeast corner of the intersection facing south. Vehicle #2 was knocked southeastward through the southeast corner of the intersection after impact and, subsequently, impacted a chain link fence and mailbox post before rolling over one quarter turn about its longitudinal axis. The van came to rest on its left side on the lawn of a house located at the southeast corner of the intersection heading essentially south.

INCIDENT:

According to this individual, the crash occurred at an intersection approximately 91 meters (100 yards) from the afflicted individual's residence. She was outside her residence doing yard work when she heard a "loud noise" followed by a "bang/thud"--see Appendix B. This individual is a Registered nurse (RN) and a qualified, first aid responder.

According to this individual, she immediately ran to the street and surveyed the scene. After she realized the severity of the crash she proceeded back to her residence and yelled to her husband to call for help (i.e., 911). This individual returned to the scene and saw vehicle #2 on it's side with the driver relatively unhurt and walking around. Next, she proceeded over to the air bag vehicle to check on the driver.

INCIDENT SEQUENCE (CONTINUED)

According to this individual, she could see that the driver was unconscious and needed immediate attention. The driver door of the air bag vehicle was jammed shut, but fortunately, the driver's window was open allowing this individual to be able to reach inside and immobilize the head and neck of the unconscious driver. The driver of the air bag vehicle (44 year-old female) was not wearing the available, safety belts; however, according to this individual, she never noticed the deployed air bag while immobilizing the driver and attending to her immediate needs. At this point she began to cough and experience some respiratory discomfort. She recalls smelling a strange and unfamiliar odor, but she attributed the odor to her anxiety.

According to this individual, as the driver began to regain consciousness and thus move about, she had to insert her entire torso (i.e., from the waist) through the open window of the vehicle and attempted to maintain the immobilization of the driver's neck while, at the same time, verbally reassuring the driver. Subsequently, EMS personnel arrived and removed the driver through the right front passenger side door, thus enabling this individual to withdraw her whole upper body from the driver's door window.

According to this individual, by the time the injured driver was placed in the ambulance (approximately 10 minutes), this individual was coughing almost constantly; see Appendix C. Afterwards fire and rescue personnel told her that the driver's air bag had exploded (i.e., ruptured), and one EMT told her that he saw particles floating in the area (of the vehicle's interior) of the injured driver and herself when he arrived.

According to the individual, upon returning to her residence she immediately used her Serevant Inhaler in an effort to reduce her respiratory discomfort. She continued to cough almost constantly and required rest for the next few days. According to this individual, in the days and weeks that followed, she experienced numerous respiratory problems (see Appendix D) such as: coughing attacks, severe soar throat, laryngitis, bilateral ear congestion, and continued bronchial irritation.

According to this individual, no medical treatment was sought; therefore, no medical records are available. This individual was able to supply a brief letter from her family physician (Appendix E) where it mentions the individual's history of allergic rhinitis and allergies to smoke, dust, and other environmental allergens. Also mentioned in the family physician's letter was a reported mild asthma attack she suffered while camping in 1994. The physician went on to mention that on 1995, he was treating the individual's daughter during which the individual told him of a mild asthma attack she had as a consequence of administering first aid at an automobile accident a month earlier.

INCIDENT SEQUENCE (CONTINUED)

According to the afflicted individual, with sixteen years of experience as a registered nurse, she has become an excellent diagnostician and believes that all of the respiratory discomfort she experienced from 1995 through 1995 were a direct result of her exposure to the deployed air bag and associated particulate matter.

	Good Samaritan Injuries							
Description of Injury	<u>A.I.S.</u>	Source of Data	Injury <u>Mechanism</u>	<u>Certainty</u>				
Respiratory illness, not further specified	Not codeable in A.I.S. '90	7	Driver's side air bag exhaust gases	{Probable}				

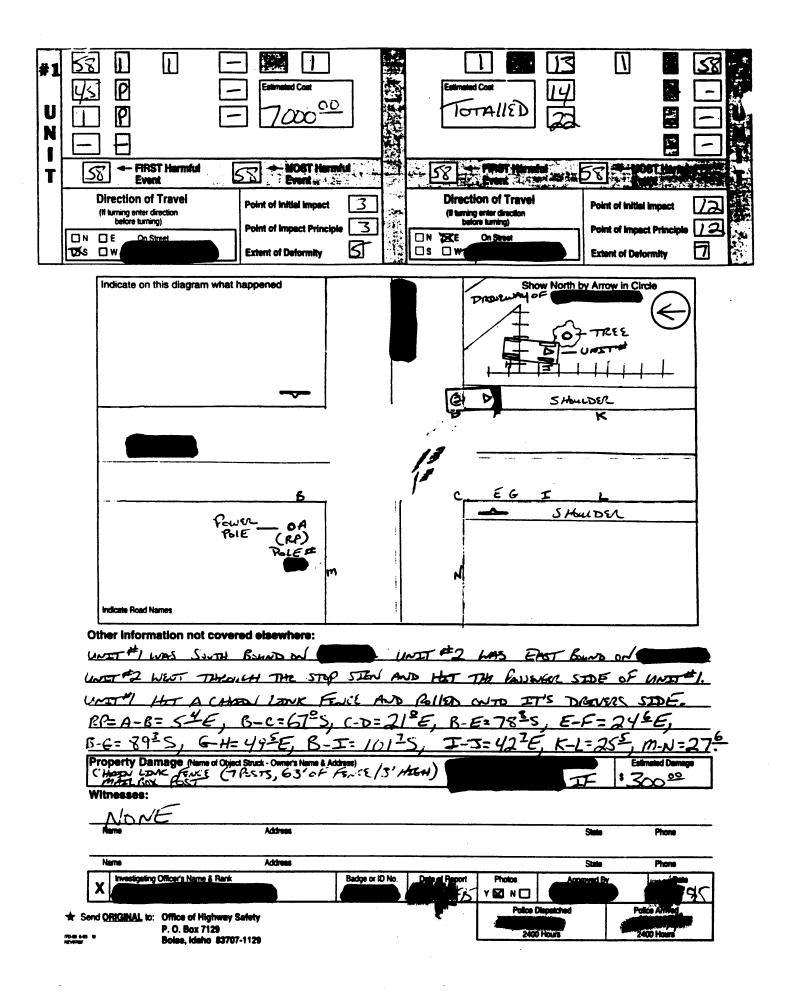
Discussion

Based on the small sample of cases this contractor has researched, individuals who suffer with asthema, allergies, and/or other previously diagnosed respiratory conditions (e.g., emphysema) are more likely than nonsuffers to experience increased respiratory problems if they are in the vicinity of a deploying air bag.

Appendix A:

POLICE ACCIDENT REPORT

5	State of Idaho Police Accident Re	port Page / Of / W
	Date of Collision Day of Collision Time	County Agency Code Local Code
	Mo Pay Yr. Sun. Mon Tues. Wed. Thurs Fri. Sat. (Use 2400 Hour)	
	N □ E □ IN City or Town Name & No. of S	
	Miles ⊠s □w □oF □ON	AVE (EAST) 50
	Non Intersection At 1	he Intersection of Street/Road Posted Speed
Ļ—	Between Street/Road A Street/Road B	(D) (SauTH) 50
	Distance & Direction from Cross Street or Nearest Mile Post	I We Per
2	Miles N S E W Street A	R. R. Crossing # Interchange #
7	Feet	•
<u> </u>	UNIT No. 1 🖾 Vehicle 🗆 Pedestrien 🗀 Pedacyclist L	INIT No. 2 ELVehicle Pedestrian Pedacyclist 5
	Driver's Name Last First Middle Dri	ver's Name Last First Middle
	Street Address	oet Address
	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	
	City State Zip Code Phone No.	State Zip Code Phone No.
	A R	L
	Driver's License No. State Citation #	wer's License No. State Citation #
	ID NONE	
		un reported: Results BAC
	Test Results:	Test Results:
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	0	SAME AS DRAVER
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	I R	
	Vehicle Year Make (Dodge-Chev.) Model (Dart-Nova) Style (2 DrConv.) Val	nicle Year Make (Dodge-Chev.) Model (Dart-Nova) Style (2 DrConv.)
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	✓ Ves No Reserved	7 - XIYes No.
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	Cargo Body # Axles Haz-Mat # G.V.W.R Power Ca	rgo Body # Axles Haz-Mat # G.V.W.RPower
	ICC# DOT# G.V. W. R. Trailer ICC	DOT # G.V. W. R. Trailer
	Unit # Seating Name & Address of Persons Involved	Sex Date of Birth Injury Prot. Dev. Ejection Extraction
	I SAME AS DRAW 3:	
		Removed From Amb. Police Hel-Priv. R Not Scene By:
	1 SAME AS DRIVER 4	Scarre by: Car copter Vehicle Transp.
	1 SAME AS DRIVER 4	
	71 -	Removed From Amb. Police Hel- Priv. Not Scene By: Vehicle Transp.
	_	Removed From Amb. Police Heli-Priv. Not Scene By:
		Car copter Vehicle Transp.
		Removed From Armb. Police Hest-Priv. Not
		Removed From Amb. Police Hef-Cer Priv. Not Transp.
	<u>-1 </u>	
		Removed From Amb Poice Heli Priv Nor Scene By Vehicle Transp.
	Injured Transported To:	EMS Dispatched / 2400 Hours EMS Arrived / 2400 Hours Pale.
	AMBULANCE	1379 1341 1341



Appendix B:

STATEMENT OF GOOD SAMARITAN

On p.m., I heard a loud noise and then a bang/thud. This noise was coming from a busy intersection just three houses east of us or approximately 100 yards. Automobile accidents occasionally occur because people driving down our street do not always obey the stop sign when approaching it. Because my husband was home ill from work and I am a qualified first aid responder, I quickly ran about 50 feet to view the accident scene. After realizing that an ambulance would probably be needed, I ran back to our house and instructed my husband to call "911" for an ambulance.

I then ran as quickly as possible to the accident scene. As I approached the scene, I quickly assessed everything and found that a pickup truck had run through the stop sign and hit a large Service truck and knocked it on its side. The man was unhurt but the driver of the pickup had not worn her seat belt and was injured. The driver's door on the pickup was jammed shut and I could tell that the driver had head and facial injuries with possible neck injuries. She was unconscious upon my arrival and, since the other driver was O.K., I immediately attended to her needs.

Fortunately, I had just put on a pair of clean extra long Playtex gloves (as I prepared to work in the garden). There was no one else at the scene that identified themselves as a first aider and I felt that the lady in the pickup needed immediate care. Since the driver's window was down, I reached in through it and quickly immobilized this woman's head and neck. As she began to regain consciousness a few mintues later, I had to literally place my entire head and body (to my waist) inside the truck just in front of her head to continue talking to her and to maintain the neck immobilization. It was at this time that I began to cough and experience some respiratory discomfort. I did notice a strange and unfamiliar odor but just attributed it to anxiety. The driver required a great deal of verbal reorientation and physical restraint until EMS personnel arrived a few minutes later.

After immobilizing her and attending to her immedate needs, three EMS rescuers were able to remove her on a backboard from the passenger side of the vehicle. Once she was placed on the backboard, I was able to withdraw my head from inside of the vehicle. By the time this patient was placed in the ambulance, I was coughing almost constantly. Fire and rescue personnel told me that they noticed that the driver's air bag (the only one in the victim's vehicle) had exploded. One EMT that I spoke with told me that he saw particles floating in the area of the victim and myself when he arrived.

I roughly estimate that I was exposed to these particles for about ten minutes or so. Since my head and face were only about six to twelve inches from the exploded air bag, I probably received **more** of the particulate matter than the victim did. After the ambulance left the scene, I returned home and immediately used my Serevent Inhaler in an effort to reduce my respiratory discomfort. I continued to cough almost constantly and required rest for the remainder of the day and also for the next few days.

Attached is a list of significant symptoms and illnesses that I experienced after aiding this victim. Because I am usually very healthy and suffer very infrequently from respiratory illnesses, I felt that these respiratory infections were a direct result of my first aid response at the above-mentioned vehicular accident. In an effort to try and find out what materials are contained in air bags, I contacted the appropriate automobile dealer, several medical personnel and, finally, someone from the National Transportation Safety Hotline in Washington D.C.

As a registered professional nurse with sixteen years of experience, I felt the need to provide information on this incident to the appropriate agency so that follow up studies can be done. I am an excellent diagnostician and feel sure that all of the symptoms that I have experienced since the 1995 are related to my exposure from this exploded air bag and associated particulate matter. No one else in my family has had any symptoms that are similar to mine and I am not in close enough proximity to others to be exposed to respiratory illnesses. Attached, you will find a brief synopsis of these illnesses that I have experienced since the accident on 1995.

, RN, BSN

, Idaho

1995

Attachment

cc: File

Appendix C:

STATEMENT OF INCIDENT EYEWITNESS

To Whom It May Concern:

On 1995, we had a wreck on the corner of and
involving a truck and a pick-up. I ran out and saw that
was there helping. She had a coughing spell and
couldn't talk for a few minutes because of her cough.

, Idaho 🛶 💮

Appendix D:

GOOD SAMARITAN'S LISTING OF INCIDENT-RELATED ILLNESSES

ILLNESSES FOR

DATE OF ACCIDENT: 1995

1995 -- Spoke with my physician (during my daughter's visit) regarding an upper respiratory infection that had not responded to humidification, decongestants and rest. (Amoxicillin taken orally.)

- -- URI symptoms and cough better.
- -- URI symptoms and cough again; also with severe sore throat.

 Treatment as before with humidification, decongestants and rest.
- of OTC medicines, Tylenol and humidification.
- -- Symptoms better. No further cough.
- Now, also with bilateral ear congestion and continued bronchial irritation that resulted in an almost continuous cough for one to two weeks.
- -- No further URI symptoms.

Note: I have not had any further episodes since (as noted above).

Important Medical History Includes:

- Allergic Rhinitis -- Treated with OTC antihistamines and biweekly allergy injections (for about two years). No injections for about ten years. Since moving here in 1991, I have been bothered only several times with my allergies.
- NO history of asthma other than a mild episode while camping in 1994.
- I was a participant in a (Government) National Health Survey during the 60's on two different occasions. I had good respiratory function and test results.

Appendix E:

FAMILY PHYSICIAN'S KNOWLEDGE OF INCIDENT



Patient:
Date of Birth:
Social Security #:

has reported to me that she has a history of allergic rhinitis and allergies to smoke, dust, and other environmental allergens that have been previously treated with antihistamines, Beconase and Seldane.

She also reported to me that she had suffered a mild asthma attack after being exposed to large amounts of dust while camping in \$1994. Prior to this time, she states that she has had no symptoms of asthma. I provided her with a Serevent inhaler to use as needed which she states has been used only a few times.

On 1995, brought her daughter in for treatment of an illness.

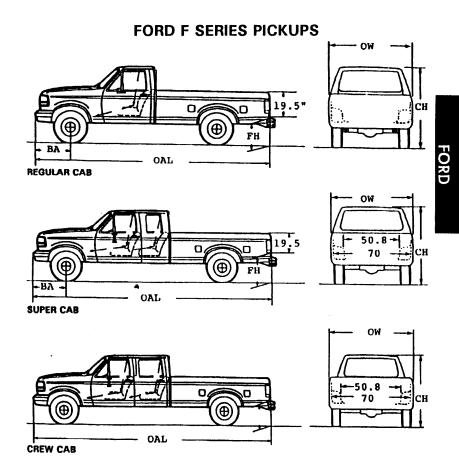
While talking with her during this visit, she told me that she had been ill with symptoms of an upper respiratory illness for more than a week which had not responded to use of decongestants, humidifier, fluids and rest. At this time, I provided her with a prescription for Amoxicillin 500mg (one three times daily) to which she reported an improvement in her condition within a few days. I also provided her with a Proventil inhaler to use as needed because she related to me that she had another mild asthma attack that was a consequence of administering first aid at an automobile accident about one month prior.

, MD.

, Idaho

Appendix F:

AIR BAG VEHICLE: ORIGINAL SPECIFICATIONS



GASOLINE TRUCK INDEX



FORD F-150 SERIES 4x2 PICKUPS

GVW Ratings: 5,250-6,250 Lbs.

ENGINE: Standard: 4.9L (300 cid) EFI IL-6, 145 GHP @ 3400 RPM, 265 GT Optional: 5.0L (302 cid) EFI V-8, 195 GHP @ 3800 RPM, 270 GT 5.8L (351 cid) EFI V-8, 210 GHP @ 3600 RPM, 335 GT

MODELS AVAILABLE: Regular Cab - 116.8" wb. SRW Styleside Pickup, 6'10" box

Regular Cab - 133" wb. SRW Styleside Pickup, 8' 2" box SuperCab - 138.8" wb. SRW Styleside Pickup, 6' 10" box SuperCab - 155" wb. SRW Styleside Pickup, 8' 2" box (Reg. Cab 116.8" or SuperCab 138.8" wb. Flareside body)

GVW RATING
5,250 lbs.
Standard - 117" wb., Regular Cab, 1,350 lb. payload
5,450 lbs.
Standard - 133" wb., Regular Cab, 1,470 lb. payload

6,050 lbs. Standard - 139" wb., SuperCab, 1,850 lb. payload

6,100 lbs. Opt.- 117" wb., Reg.Cab, 1,362.5 lb. front & 1,900 lb. rear springs, 2,170 lb. payload, P235/75R15XL tires.

6,250 lbs. Standard - 155" wb., SRW SuperCab, 1,925 lb. payload

6,250 lbs. Optional - 133" wb. Reg.Cab, w/1,900 lb. rear springs, 2,265 lb. payload & P235/75R15XL tires.

CURB WEIGHTS & DIMENSIONS: (Standard equipment, fuel, water, & oil)

CAB	WB	СН	OAL	ow	FH	BA	Front	Rear	Total	Turn dia.
Regular	116.8	70.8	197.1	79	30.2	33.5	2,227	1,669	3,896	42.25'
Regular										47.01'
Super	138.8	71.7	219.1	79	30.7	33.5	2,383	1,813	4,196	48.71'
Super	155.0	71.7	235.3	79	30.7	33.5	2,475	1,846	4,321	53.48'

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

FRONT AXLE: Ford Twin-I-beam, Ind . Front Suspension, rated capacity 3,400 lbs.

REAR AXLE: Ford, single reduction, hypoid, rated capacity 3,800 lbs., 2.73 ratio
(3.08 w/SuperCab) . Optional: 3.08, 3.55 ratios; Limited Slip differential.

SERVICE BRAKES: Hydraulic Power, self-adjusting, 10.63" ED diaphragm vacuum booster; 11.72" OD single piston, floating-caliper rotor disc front, 33.08 sq.in. lining; 11.03 x 2.25" drum rear, 94.4 sq.in. lining; Rear Anti-Lock system.

PARKING BRAKE: Cable actuation of rear brakes, foot-operated, hand release.

CLUTCH: 11" dia. single plate, 95.5 sq.in. facing area, woven non-asbestos lining.
Optional: 11.6" dia. single plate, w/5.8L engine.

COOLING SYSTEM: 13 qt. cap., 510.5 sq.in. front. area radiator, 7-blade 18.5" dia. spider fan. Optional: 14, 15 or 16 qt. capacity systems

DRIVE LINE: Tubular shafts, needle bearing universal joints.

ELECTRICAL SYSTEM: 12 V syst.; 75 amp. alt.; 72 amp./hr. 650 CCA MF battery. FRAME: 36,000 psi steel, single channel; w/Reg. cab, 6.93 x 2.19 x 0.146 side rails, 3.21 Section Modulus.; w/139" wb., 6.81 x 2.29 x 0.160" side rails, 3.35 SM; w/155" wb., 6.81 x 2.29 x 0.180" side rails, 3.79 SM.

FUEL TANK: Dual tanks, midship & aft-of-axle mounted - w/117 & 139" wbs., 34.7 gal. combined capacity; w/133 & 155" wbs., 37.2 gal. comb. cap. Optional: w/117 & 133" wbs. only, 18.2 gal. single tank, aft-of-axle mtd.

STEERING: XR-50 recirc. ball, power, ratio 17:1. Opt.: Speed Control/Tilt wheel.

TRANSMISSION: Mazda 5-speed manual w/OD, fully synchronized, ratios 3.90, 2.25, 1.49, 1.00, 0.80, rev. 3.41. Optional: Warner 4-speed manual; Ford E4OD & AOD, 4-speed Automatics w/overdrive.

WHEELS AND TIRES: w/Reg.Cab, P215/75R-15 (w/SuperCab, P235/75R-15) front and single rear tubeless tires on 15 x 6.0" JK rims, 5-hole disc wheels.

STANDARD EQUIPMENT: Regular or SuperCab with "S" or Special trim; Dry type air cleaner; Chrome front bumper; Sound reduction pkg.; 1" front and rear hydraulic shock absorbers; 2-sp. electric windshield wiper/washer; 3-passenger bench seat (rear bench seat w/Supercab); Tinted Glass; Door mounted 5.5 x 4.25" black side mirrors; Removable tailgate; Heater/defroster; AM radio; .

OPTIONAL EQUIPMENT: Increased capacity electrical and cooling system; Air conditioning; In-box or under frame-at-rear spare tire carrier; Convenience group; XL or XLT trim pkgs.; Light Group; Sliding rear window; Captains chairs w/Supercab; Rear Jump seats w/Supercab; Handling pkg.; Wheel covers; HD Rear Susp. pkg., incl. HD shocks and Aux. rear spring; Rear argent or chrome Step-bumper; Trailer Towing/Campér pkg.; Headliner & Insulation pkg. (N/A w/Supercab); Front Stabilizer bars; Calif. emissions certification.

FORD F-150 SERIES 4x4 PICKUPS

GVW Ratings: 6,100-6,250 Lbs.

ENGINE: Standard: 4.9L (300 cid) EFI IL-6, 145 GHP @ 3400 RPM, 265 GT Optional: 5.0L (302 cid) EFI V-8, 195 GHP @ 3800 RPM, 270 GT 5.8L 351 cid) EFI V-8, 210 GHP @ 3600 RPM, 325 GT

MODELS AVAILABLE: Regular Cab- 117" wb. SRW Styleside Pickup, 6'10" box Regular Cab - 133" wb. SRW Styleside Pickup, 8' 2" box

SuperCab 133" wb. SRW Styleside Pickup, 6' 10" box SuperCab 155" wb. SRW Styleside Pickup, 6' 10" box (Reg. Cab 117" or SuperCab 139" wb. Flareside body style)

GVW RATING 6,100 lbs. MINIMUM EQUIPMENT REQUIRED FOR GVW RATING Standard - 4x4 117" wb. SRW Regular Cab, 2,070 lb. payload

6,250 lbs. Standard - 4x4 133" wb. SRW Regular Cab, 1,980 lb. payload 6,250 lbs. Standard - 4x4 139" wb. SRW SuperCab, 1,815 lb. payload

6,250 lbs. Standard - 4x4 139" wb. SRW SuperCab, 1,815 lb. payload 6,250 lbs. Standard - 4x4 155" wb. SRW SuperCab, 1,670 lb. payload

CURR WEIGHTS & DIMENSIONS: (Standard equipment fuel, water, & oil)

COND WEIGHTO & DINEROTORO: (Otalicale equipment, tool, water, a on,										
CAB	WB									Turn dia.
Regular	116.8	73.7	197.1	79	33.5	33.5	2,383	1,647	4,030	42.42'
Regular	133.0	73.7	213.3	79	33.5	33.5	2,520	1,749	4,269	47.20'
Super	138.8	73.9	219.1	79	33.4	33.5	2,580	1,855	4,435	48.94'
Super	155.0	73.9	235.3	79	33.4	33.5	2,687	1,891	4,578	53.71'

GASOLINE TRUCK INDEX



FORD F-150 SERIES 4x4 PICKUPS

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

FRONT AXLE: Dana 44-IFS, single reduction driving axle, rated capacity 3,800 lbs., avail ratios 3.07, 3.54, 4.09, manual control front hubs.

REAR AXLE: Ford, single reduction, hypoid, rated capacity 3,800 lbs., 3.08 (3.55, 4.10 opt.). Optional: Limited slip axle differential.

SERVICE BRAKES: Hydraulic Power, self-adjusting, 10.63" ED diaphragm vacuum booster; 11.72" OD single piston, floating-caliper rotor disc front, 33.08 sq.in. lining area; 11.03 x 2.25" drum rear, 94.4 sq.in. lining; Rear anti-lock brakes.

PARKING BRAKE: Cable actuation of rear brakes, foot-operated, hand release.

CLUTCH: 11" dia., 95.5 sq. in. facing area, woven non-asbestos lining. Optional: 11.6" dia. clutch w/5.8L engine.

COOLING SYSTEM: 13 qt. cap., 510.5 sq.in. front. area radiator, 5-blade 18.5" dia. spider fan. Optional: 14, 15 or 16 qt. capacity systems

DRIVE LINE: Tubular shafts, needle bearing universal joints.

ELECTRICAL SYSTEM: 12 V syst; 75 amp. alt.; 72 amp/hr 650 CCA MF battery.

FRAME: 36,000 psi steel single channel; w/117 & 133" wbs., 6.93 x 2.19 x 0.146" side rails, 3.21 Section Modulus; w/138.8" wb., 6.81 x 2.29 x 0.160" side rails, 3.35 SM; w/155" wb., 6.81 x 2.29 x 0.180" side rails, 3.79 SM.

FUEL TANK: Dual tanks, midship & aft-of-axle mounted - w/117 & 139" wbs., 34.7 gal. combined capacity; w/133 & 155" wbs., 37.2 gal. comb. cap. Optional: w/117 & 133" wbs. only, 18.2 gal. single tank, aft-of-axle mtd.

STEERING: XR-50 recirc. ball, power, ratio 17:1. Opt.: Speed control/Tilt wheel.

SUSPENSION: Front - Computer selected coil springs, 4" dia. (capacities shown as lbs. ea. @ pad/grd). w/117" wb. 1,492/1,262.5 lbs; w/133" wb., 1,642/1,400 lbs.; w/139" & 155" wbs., 1,750/1,550 lbs. Rear - 2-stage, Multi-leaf, variable rate springs, 56 x 2.5", 1,654/1,888 lbs. Optional: Front - w/117" wb., 1,642/1,350 lbs.; 1,750/1,450 lbs.; 1,858/1,525 lbs.; 1,962/1,625 lbs.; w/133" wb., 1,750/1,475 lbs.; 1,858/1,562.5 lbs.; 1,966/1,662.5 lbs.; 2,069/1,750 lbs.; 2,268/1,900 lbs.; w/139 & 155" wbs., 1,858/1,637.5 lbs.; 1,966/1,725 lbs.; 2074/1,812.5 lbs. each @ pad/ground.

TRANSFER CASE: Warner 13-56, 2-speed part-time, ratios 2.69 and 1.00.

TRANSMISSION: Mazda 5-speed manual w/OD, fully synchronized, ratios 3.90, 2.25, 1.49, 1.00, 0.80, rev. 3.41. Optional: Warner 4-speed manual; Ford E4OD & AOD, 4-speed Automatics w/overdrive.

WHEELS AND TIRES: Five P235/75R-15XL front and single rear tubeless tires on 15 x 6" J rims, 5-hole disc wheels.

STANDARD EQUIPMENT: Regular or SuperCab with "S" or Special trim; Dry type air cleaner; Chrome front bumper; 1.19" front and rear gas shock absorbers; 2-sp. electric windshield wiper/washer; Fuel tank & transfer case skid plates; Automatic locking front hubs; 3-passenger bench seat (rear bench seat w/Supercab): Tinted Glass; Door mounted 5.5 x 4.25" black side mirrors; Removable teligate; Heater/defroster; AM radio.

OPTIONAL EQUIPMENT: Increased capacity electrical and cooling system; Air conditioning; In-box or under frame-at-rear spare tire carrier; Manual locking front hubs; Convenience group; XL or XLT trim pkgs.; Light Group; Sliding rear window; Captains chairs w/Supercab; Rear Jump seats w/Supercab; Hendling pkg.; Wheel covers; HD Rear Susp. pkg., incl. HD shocks and Aux. rear spring; Rear argent or chrome Step-bumper; Trailer Towing/Camper pkg.; Headliner & Insulation pkg. (N/A w/Supercab); Front Stabilizer bars; Calif. emissions certification.